OLYMPIC LEADER

VOL. 20. NO. 24. PORT ANGELES, WASHINGTON. FRIDAY. AUGUST 9. 1907 PRICE 5 CTS

BARGAINS

The Rain Has Done a Great Amount of Good

BUT--We Have Been Drowned Out This Week

BETWEEN

The Water Breaking Thru The Roof and New Merchandise Coming Through the Door

Much Damage Was Done to Our Stock

THERE IS

Bargains

IN STORE FOR YOU

PACIFIC STORE CO.

Julius I. Kirschberg

TIMES CLOTHING MART

R. A. MUSKETT

OF THE

TIMES CLOTHING MART

Has Been to Busy to Quote You The Great Cut in Prices which He has made since Cutting Down Expenses to about Half What it Was

I Want you to come and See for yourself

Don't go to the corner as I am in no way connected

I Run the Store

Willson Hdw. old stand

We Have All New Goods---Modern and Up-to-date---Coming Every Day from Chicago, New York, Boston and Philadelphia

Times Clothing Mart

R. A. Muskett

MOUNTAINEERS IN CAMP

A Few Random Notes on the Trail, Camp, and Scenery.

As a means of spending a delightful summer vacation, the trip of the Seattle Mountaineers to Mt. Olympus could have but few equals—provided one undertaking the same be imbued with the spirit mountaineering, the conquest of mountain peaks, and also provided one be not adverse to a little hard work on the side.

The scheme has a number of excellent features—the social life at the gatherings at meal time and at the evening camp fires, the spirit of comradery on the trail, the many little kindnesses extended to smooth the rough places, and the opportunity to study character in the rough.

But to one who is not, perhaps, properly imbued with the spirit of conquest, who sees little in the mere attainment of the crest of difficult peaks, but who enjoys a few days, or even hours, maybe, in the mountains for other reasons—to one who sees much in Nature as revealed in the high places, and little in the mere expanse of scenery itself—there are other places nearer home, other ways and means of obtaining such enjoyment, far superior to this general plan.

The trip up the Elwha requires five days, including the first day to McDonald bridge. Mr. Bowman gives it as 65 miles, and the pedometers carried by several of the party make it about the same. The trail for practically the entire distance lies either on the river bottom, or on benches just above; there is little climbing and that for short distances across ridges running down to the river. All the way, the only scenery, save the river itself. are the high timbered ridges that rise on either side like those surrounding Lake Crescent. Only once or twice are small fields of snow to be seen on the tips of peaks just beyond. One crosses a number of good-sized streams and countless little brooks. For quite a part of the way, the trail winds thru mossy peaks devoid of undergrowth. There is practically no timber of any size, the large trees being very noticeable.

Camps had been established by Mr. Bowman, who has the packing contract, and supplies left at each place. The party turned out at 4:30 each morning and, while a few assisted the cook, who is an artist in his line, the rest packed the baggage, and after an early breakfast all hit the trail for the next camp, to be followed later by the pack train. Some would make the distance, ten to fourteen miles, by noon or shortly after. Others would come straggling in during the afternoon, and a few, of which the writer, having a very agreeable companion who believed in enjoying the beauties of river and forest by the way, was one, made camp just in time for the evening dinner.

The Elwha Basin, in which the the permanent camp is located, is a beautiful spot—beautiful because of being surrounded by high timbered ridges and a scenic-circle of peaks —Mts. Seattle, Noyes, Meany and Glacier. The snow, shown in the views taken by Mr. Curtis last May and published in the Seattle papers, has largely disappeared. The expanse of snow and rock included in these peaks is about equivalent to that of Mt. Angeles as seen from the ridge leading up to Lake Angeles, and the amount of snow about equal to that on Angeles in June. The peaks appear to be no harder, and some of them far easier to climb than Angeles. It must be remembered, that one does not see the crest of the highest from the basin, any more than one sees the crest of Angeles from the valley below. These peaks have an elevation of over 7,000 feet, and the Elwha Basin being 3,300 feet, makes the actual climb less, than Mt. Angeles. Besides which, they

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THE NEW STEAMSHIP LINE

The Milwaukee Road to Have Steamship Line of Nine Vessels to Orient.

When the Pacific coast extension of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad is finished in 1909, a new line of steamships will be in operation between Seattle and the Orient, according to a statement of President A. J. Earling made to the Post Intelligencer. Negotiations have been made with the Osaka Shesen Kaisha, of Japan, for the construction of nine large steamships to carry the oversea business of the Milwaukee.

"The Milwaukee has entered into a tentative agreement with the Osaka Shesen Kaisha," said President Earling, "to handle the oversea traffic of the railroad. The final arrangements have not been concluded, but it is certain by the time the Pacific coast extension has been completed there will be a fleet of new steamships to ply between Seattle and the Orient.

"Mr. Takanuchi, representing the Osaka Shesen Kaisha, who was in Seattle several months ago, began negatiations with the C. M. & St. P. to operate a line of steamships in connection with the railroad. The Osaka Shosen KKaisha does a large coastwise business in Japan. It has a large fleet of ships plying between ports in the Orient, and when it was proposed to build a number of steamships for the American trade, I thot well of the idea.

"There are many important details to be settled yet. It has been proposed to organize a new company to operate the new line which will be financed by the Osaka Shosen Kaisha and the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, although that part has not been definitely decided upon. It has been proposed to name the new company the Japanese Mercantile Steamship Company. Whether the Milwaukee owns the line outright or not, it will be heavily interested in the company which operates it.

"According to the tentative agreement which has been reached the nine steamships will have a capacity of about 12,000 tons each. The type of ship will be similar to that of the Nippon Yusen Kaisha. One of our ships will not be able to carry as much freight as the Minnesota, but it will run oftener and there will be more of them. The agreement with the Osaka Shosen Kaisha calls for the completion of the latest ship in February, 1909, which will insure the entire fleet being in operation by the time the road is finished."

August 24 SATURDAY

VIOLIN CONCERT

At Opera House

SATURDAY *August 24*

THEO. JENSEN'S FIRST DEBUT

To Be Assisted By

Mrs. Theo. F. Rixon. Soprano

Miss F. Elliott. Recitation

Mrs. AL. Jensen..... Alto

Prof. Wm. A. Lange

Violin Numbers will consist of the very best compositions from the Old and Modern Masters.

Selection of Songs, likewise, to be to everyones' Taste

Seats on Sale at

MATHEWSON'S DRUG STORE

ALL SEATS RESERVED

75c: 50c: 35c: Gallery 25c

Springs and Mattresses, a new line at R. D. Willson Hdw. Co.'s store being sold at low prices.

THE MOUNTAINEERS ARRIVE

The Second Party, Eighteen in Number, Headed by Prof. Landes Arrived in Angeles Last Saturday.

The Second party of the Seattle Mountaineers Club, headed by Prof. Landes of the University of Washington, president of the club, arrived in Angeles last Saturday afternoon, and immediately left for the Elwha Basin in the Olympic Range, where the first party is camped, awaiting the arrival of this second party before they proceed to the ascent of Mt. Olympus.

The second party numbered eighteen, among the number was Prof. Landes, Prof. T. C. Frye, Prof. H. C. Stevens and Miss Lavina Rudberg, members of the University faculty. The first party left Angeles on Wednesday evening, July 24, arriving at Camp Olympus at noon on the following Sunday. If the last party made the same time, they arrived in camp on Wednesday noon of this week. Allowing three days for the ascent of Mt. Olympus, the first party will start on the return trip next Sunday, Aug. 11, reaching Angeles, in all probability, on Wednesday evening following—three weeks out, as planned.

THE G. A. R. JUBILEE

Last Tuesday, members of Pacific Post, their families and friends enjoyed a pleasant picnic outing at G. A. R. Hall. The affair was somewhat of a house-warming, the Post recently having purchased the building on Lincoln street known as Norden Hall, and, as it is not every G. A. R. Post that can afford to own its own hall in which to hold its meetings, the old boys naturally feel elated over possession of the property, and decided to celebrate.

One of the events of the occasion was the raising of a flag pole, and the unfurling of Old Glory to the breeze.

After a sumptous dinner, to which all did justice, a short program was given and enjoyed by all present.

THE GAME LAWS ABUSED

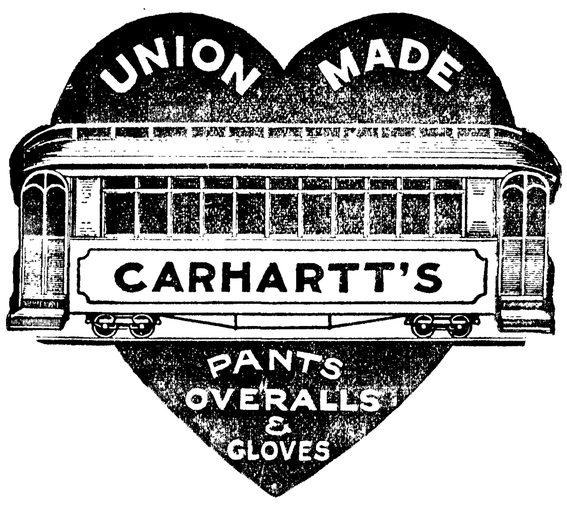
The Death of the Game warden Has Left an Opening For Law Violations.

Somebody seemingly is posting the big game hunters of up-sound points that Clallam county has no game warden and that they may roam the hills and slaughter indiscriminately and wholly disregard law, to the chagrin and injury of local law-abiding citizens who are awaiting the open season before shouldering their guns. Hardly a day passes now that some huntsman with gun and belt of cartridges does not appear on the scene and there is none to ascertain his destination or what means the carrying of an arsenal into our woods during the closed season, or to ascertain whether or not they have even a licence to carry a gun, This state of affairs should be looked into.

A DELIGHTFUL AFTERNOON

Mrs. W. F. Delabarre entertained at one o'clock luncheon Tuesday in honor of her mother, Mrs. Cook, who leaves for a visit to her Eastern home Sunday. Covers were laid for twelve and a very elegant course luncheon was daintly served. The dining room was decorated in trailing vines and pink roses, the color scheme of the parlor was pink and white, and the reception hall a bower of fragrant flowers. Beautiful vases of sweet peas were artistically arranged on mantel and hall tree, while the snowy cover of the punch table was draped in pretty vines, with a large jardinere of the most perfect Shasta daisies banked against it. These daisies were a gift, and also a most pleasant reminder of the one absent guest, Mrs. Harding, who was too ill to be present. Mrs. Delabarre was assisted by her guest, Miss Mabel Pease from Massachusetts.

Music and story-telling, with some thrilling adventures of early days in the west, made the pleasant afternoon pass all too swiftly away.



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The Best Quality, and we give you a square deal.

S. J. LUTZ & CO.

THE BIG BRICK STORE

FOR AND ABOUT WOMEN

When Love Has Gone.

The wife whose husband has grown weary of her has a difficult problem, says Dorothy Dix, in the Philadelphia Bulletin. She can not ruthlessly cut the marriage tie and give the man his liberty. Still, her best policy also is to let her husband have a free rein and a long rein. Nothing is to be gained by tears and reproaches, and always throwing up to the recreant spouse his sacred duty.

Doubtless it is our duty to love the one to whom we are married and whom we swore so glibly at the altar always to love and cherish, but love is not a matter of duty or volition, or even of determination. Love is slain of a thousand things beyond our control—by growth, for one thing; by a man developing away from his wife; by enforced absence; by simple boredom; by things that the man cannot help in his taste and feelings, and that the woman cannot remedy in herself.

It is one of the terrible experiences of life when two people find themselves involved in a marriage that is nothing but bondage on the man's side, while the woman still loves, but there is no overt act that she can perform that will bring back the love that is dead. She can only wait, and so strange is the curious bond of wedlock, so mystic is the tie, that the very fetters at which the man frets are still powerful enough to draw him back almost in spite of himself. The very fact that a woman is his wife, whether he loves her or not, gives her a prestige in his eyes, a certain power and influence over him that no other woman possesses.

So the woman who has the patience to simply wait for her own to return to her nearly always gets it back in the end. And sometimes it is worth waiting and praying for, and sometimes not. But all that she can do is just to wait.

Value of Grooming.

Nothing so accentuates fading loveliness as carelessness of dress. It is wonderful what a little careful grooming will do for a woman. Let her touch her eyebrows with vaseline to bring out the luster, let her bathe her lips with aromatic toilet water, dust her wan cheeks with a bit of pink powder, have her hair dressed in a girlish, dainty way, and lo! there is the light of inspiration and sweetness that is most delightful and bewitching. There are good and bad cosmetics, sane and insane ways of beautifying. Choose the right road, then go ahead, and you will be amazed to find how you will chop off a year of your life every twelve months, instead of hitching one on. Try it.

Point for the Traveler.

An excellent suggestion is that made by a woman to take down the number of a railroad ticket when traveling. If it is lost or the conductor on a certain division takes it up by mistake there is good proof that the ticket was bought. An incident occurred which proves the value of the suggestion. The conductor on one division took up a woman's ticket, and on the next division the ticket was demanded. She explained the situation and was able to give the number of the ticket. The conductor telegraphed back and verified the claim, thus sparing the traveler much trouble and inconvenience.

To Clean Furniture.

Go over the furniture with a cloth dipped in paraffin oil and allow it to stand for an hour, which will loosen the dirt. Next wash the furniture with a suds made of pure soap and rain water. Rub very dry with a soft cloth and polish with a piece of white flannel dipped in turpentine. This will not injure a piano, but restore the brilliant polish. Furniture gets dull because it is dirty and needs to be cleaned with soap and water.

Before sending linen or pique suits to the laundry remove the buttons if they are the tailored variety and clean them at home with gasoline. If left on the coat ten chances to one the tin or steel mold will rust and discolor not only the button covering but the coat itself. Much anxiety and work may be saved by substituting pearl buttons. Their effect is quite as good as that of the cloth buttons.

The woman that has a faded summer dress or a good white dress of which she is tired need not despair. She can easily have practically a new dress and at small cost by having it dyed some one of the many tans or ecrus or browns or one of the Copenhagen or the nattier blue shades. Such a dress will give a world of satisfaction, for it can be worn a dozen times before it needs laundering and can be worn on cloudy days when a light gown could not be. A fancy collar made of the same goods may be worn time and time again without cleaning, for the only perishable part about it is the tiny white ruche which is renewed frequently. The wearer of such a gown is cool and comfortable and makes a smart appearance.

To Shrink Wash Goods.

All washable fabrics should always undergo a thorough shrinking before they are cut. This is absolutely necessary, as a first laundering would be likely to reduce the dress of which the material was not shrunk beforehand to such dimensions that it would be unfit for further use. To shrink wash fabrics, they should be immersed in hot water and hung up to dry without wringing them. When the materials are partly dry, they are carefully pressed under a cloth to prevent their becoming glossy on one side.

Preserving Youth.

Sleep is a great preserver of youth. Eight hours at night and a short nap during the day will do much to keep the face free from wrinkles. Always sleep with the bedroom window open a few inches at the top, both in summer and winter. A daily morning bath, tepid in winter and cold in summer, with a brisk rub to follow, will keep the skin fresh and clear. Two hours must be passed in the open air, walking, riding or playing games. All tight clothing must be avoided, as compression disturbs the circulation and is often the cause of enlarged veins and red noses.

Now the New Girl.

The new girl has quite eclipsed the new woman. She is almost as real as nature herself, and she leaves not the slightest doubt that she intends to be permanent. The new girl is taking command of almost everything and everybody. It is some years since she subjugated her parents, and, having taken that decisive step, there are really no obstacles in her path. In days past women used to gain in force of will as they advanced in years, and their life was an exquisite crescendo. The new girl, on the other hand, has begun life fortissimo, both fists on the piano, and so she must beat it out, or be vanquished in the attempt.

Hints for Young Married People.

Try to be satisfied to commence on a small scale.

Try not to make the mistake that so many do, of trying to begin where the parents left off.

Try being perfectly independent from debts from the first. They are a great drawback to the newly wedded.

Try buying all that is necessary to work with skillfully.

Let ornamentation follow slowly if needs be.

Husbands, try to remember that simply because she is yours you must not treat her as though you owned her soul, too.

To Aid Farmers' Wives.

Mrs. T. J. Fletcher, who is the chairman of the outlook committee of the General Federation of Women's Clubs, has taken a great interest in the problem of caring for the farmers' wives who come to town on market day. In the town in Iowa in which she lives they evidently do not have department stores where the wives may lounge and write letters on store stationery free of charge, or otherwise amuse themselves. So Mrs. Fletcher has prevailed upon the county board to turn over to the City Federation of Women's Clubs a large room in the courthouse. This will be put in order and made a "rest room" for the wives, who will no doubt enjoy it as much as city women do the department store rest room.

Lacing Defeats Its Object.

The wasp waist supplies a topic of conversation every spring. An authority on dress says American girls who, though far from being on the high road to obesity, insist on nipping their waist in, achieve exactly the opposite effect from that they seek. It is not only fostering a dangerous practice, but it actually detracts from a woman's appearance, and, strange as it may sound, even increases the aspect of embonpoint, she asserts.

It will please the fair ones to hear that their efforts to wear the new French corsets as Paris says they should be worn should meet with such golden opinions.

How Women Purify Politics.

Victoria, the capital of British Columbia, has a peculiar municipal franchise. Every person who pays a $2 dog tax is entitled to vote in elections for Mayor and Alderman. The system has led to abuses. It has been discovered that six enterprising women voted on the strength of a single dog. Worse still, one ingenious woman, unable to get a real dog in time to qualify, took out a license for a china dog on her mantlepiece. Municipal franchise reform is now regarded as a question of urgency in Victoria, and the unkind association of dogs with mayors and aldermen is doomed.

QUARTET OF PRETTY DRESS ACCESSORIES.

The accessories to woman's dress nowadays is quite as important and equally as extravagant as the dress itself. Our illustration shows a quartet of attractive articles, really necessary in the fashionable wardrobe. A belt of white silk elastic is studded with cut steel beads in design; an embroidered stock and jabot are handmade; the beaded bag has a gold top and chain and the parasol in natural tone pongee is trimmed with little ruffles of brown taffeta and embroidered with brown silk.

Straw Hat with Plumes.

In the accompanying illustration is shown one of the smartest ways to use plumes on a large hat, a great many of the newest models showing the trimming massed in this way at the back. Soft wide moire ribbon is folded about the crown of the model illustrated, two very large ball hatpins being thrust through the folds of ribbon.

Pure Soap as a Tonic.

Don't be afraid of being too clean or washing away your skin with too frequent use of soap. Pure soap is a tonic and, if need be, it can be used twice a day on the entire body with no other than beneficial effects. The cold bath is stimulating and pleasant, but it is not a cleansing bath.

Wearing Proper Shoes.

Never think that the feet will grow larger from wearing proper shoes. Pinching and distorting make them grow not only large, but unsightly. A proper use of all muscles makes them compact and attractive.

BALLAD OF AN OLD FRIEND.

It seems since Dobbin-boy was foaled
A little year has passed, nor more!
The butter-flowers of their gold,
The glossiest, spread gen'rous store
On lane and paddock, smiles that wore
First cheerly day he gambolled free.
And now he's aged—as they deplore;
But Dobbin's good enough for me.

They brought me, cast in nobler mould,
A horse from some outlandish shore,
And bade me ride him. Love makes bold;
I disobeyed, and, as before,
O'er hill and dale with Dobbin tore.
Said I, "It's true that horse may be
From Shetland Isles or Singapore;
But Dobbin's good enough for me!"

And still, though all the stables hold
Is at my service, as of yore,
It's Dobbin—not the 4-year-old—
I order groomed and 'round at four.
Dick, versed o'erwell in racing lore,
Delights to call him tauntingly
A sorry jade without a score;
But Dobbin's good enough for me.

Prince, here's Impatience at the door
With proud arched neck, as one may see,
A steed with mettle meet for war—
But Dobbin's good enough for me!
—Waverley Magazine.

BARTON'S HONEYMOON

"Bessie, my dear, you'd best go to your mother's until my return. Confounded awkward this; married two weeks, and now I'm leaving you!" he said to his young wife at his side, as they sat in their apartments at the Bonaccord.

"And are you quite sure that I cannot go with you?" she asked, in a tone which bespoke an eagerness to undertake with him.

"Impossible, my dear. As I've told you, I leave the train at Sturges, then stage it eighty miles over the mountains before I reach the camp. If John wasn't my brother, nothing should induce me to leave you," he explained.

Merrill Barton might have added that he was suddenly called to a remote mining camp in the Northwest, to assist his brother who had become involved in litigation over a valuable claim. Indeed, Barton himself owned one-half of the property, and the outcome of the suit meant several thousands of dollars to him.

The foregoing conversation occurred on Monday, and on the following Thursday Barton, in the midst of his honeymoon, parted from his wife at the railroad station; he going West, expecting to be absent a month at least, and she East to visit with her mother.

When he reached Sturges his brother informed him that the suit had been settled out of court, and to their advantage.

As there was nothing to do but to return, he did so, and immediately dispatched a letter to his wife, requesting her to come to him; but, unfortunately, this letter failed of a stamp, and went to the dead letter office.

The second night after his return the Bonaccord was partially destroyed by fire, and Barton was forced to seek other accommodations, which he obtained at a friend's home across the city.

In the meantime Mrs. Barton had arrived at her mother's; but finding her absent and not liable to return for several days, she concluded to go back to the city and there await her husband.

She started on her return the day before Barton mailed his letter, arriving the third day after the fire at the Bonaccord.

Supposing her husband still absent, and being erroneously informed that their belongings were destroyed at the time of the fire, she registered at a retired family hotel in the suburbs, writing Barton at the mining camp.

The husband, meanwhile, waited impatiently his wife's return. He met the in-coming trains, but no wife put in an appearance. Then, imagining she was ill and loath to alarm him, he hurried to his mother-in-law's home.

Judge of his surprise when informed by the servant that Mrs. Barton had gone to the city eight days previous.

Back he went on the first train. En route, as previously arranged, he met, at a station along the way, the sister of the friend at whose house he was rooming, and became the young lady's escort.

Mrs. Barton, not having heard from her husband since his departure, was very uneasy on this account. On the afternoon when he was escorting his friend's sister to her brother's, she was on her way to the telegraph office to send him a message.

As she stood at a crossing, awaiting the passing of the congested traffic, who should she see but her husband in a carriage, and in company with a young and pretty woman.

Impetuously she judged; she had but one thought; her husband was untrue. Justly indignant was she at his deception. As she had supposed he was undergoing the rough life of a mining camp, and here, in sight of her eyes, he was riding about the city with a woman!

Calling a passing cab, she followed the pair; saw them enter a house on a fashionable street, and then, too chagrined and wounded to investigate further, she hurried to her mother, where she poured, into too receptive ears, her troubles.

Now the mother, as so often happens, promptly took up arms against her son-in-law and, assuming the leadership, outlined a course of procedure for her daughter's guidance.

Barton, all of this time in a worry and a fret, waited until the following morning, succeeding his return, and then began a vigorous search for his wife.

Naturally he went to the Bonaccord, but no one there remembered having seen Mrs. Barton. He scanned the registers of the hotels, he advertised in the papers, he visited the morgue, he notified the police; finally he telegraphed his mother-in-law.

This last expedient was successful. The mother-in-law replied to his inquiry, but her answer was couched in such language that Barton was nonplussed and he ceased to wonder, if, indeed, he had ever done so, at the mother-in-law joke.

He could not understand. From this point of view he had done nothing calling for abuse, and why should his wife's mother intrude where she was not wanted?

He looked at the situation in this wise. He is called from home, his wife going to her mother's; he returns, notifying Mrs. Barton of the fact, and then she disappears and his mother-in-law takes matters into her hands.

The more he considered the more incensed he became.

"Great Scott, if she wants war, so be it!" he muttered, after receiving an evasive answer to his third telegram. "If my wife again lives with me it'll be across the continent from her mother!"

Indignant to the extreme he boarded the train for the front, and went immediately to his wife's home.

"Merrill Barton," cried his mother-in-law, meeting him at the door, "you needn't think to hoodwink me if you can Bessie! I know, sir, of your doings, gallivanting about with the women!"

Then Barton, in his pent-up indignation, said something non-printable.

"There!" she cried, with flashing eyes, "you're what I've long thought; you show your true character by your profanity. The idea of you're being married to Bessie but two weeks, and such language to me, to say nothing of your carrying on with other women!"

"Madam"—he did not address her as mother, as had been his wont—"I do

MAY I SEE MY WIFE?

not know by what right you presume to sit in judgment on me!" exclaimed Barton, excitedly.

"I assume the right to protect my daughter, sir, from the wiles of such as you!" she answered with spirit.

"May I see my wife so that I can explain to her this damnable riddle you are giving me?" he asked, white with suppressed anger.

"No, sir, you cannot," she replied, firmly.

"Then I'll force my way into the house. I'm no fool, I'll give you to understand!" he shouted, advancing a pace.

But right here his strenuous relative interposed by slamming the door in his face. Matters had now reached a pass that Barton thought it the better part of valor to withdraw and await a more convenient season; and this he did, leaving the victory to the stout matron.

For several days he endeavored to discover his wife. At last, through the servant whom he waylaid, he ascertained that his wife was not, as he had supposed, at her mother's, but at a near-by cousin's, and furthermore, she expected to depart that very night for Wyoming.

Now Barton had an indistinct recollection of an uncle of Mrs. Barton's whom he once met, and who lived on a cattle ranch in the above mentioned State.

It was quite probable that she intended to go to her uncle's home; so away to Wyoming the incensed husband sped, and in due time alighted at the little station of Wheatland.

The day was stormy; one of those days when one would rather hug a hot stove than brave the wind and the sleet of the blizzard.

Barton, however, was impervious to the weather conditions and, in spite of contrary advice, he mounted a cayuse and set forth for a ride across the plain to the Hardcastle ranch.

It was after the noon hour when he started, and the night of the December day began to close about him before he had covered half the distance.

Trusting more to the instinct of the cayuse than to his own knowledge, he plodded on until his pony stepped into a dog hole, and threw him violently to the ground. He tried to remount, but a killing pain in his left foot and ankle prevented.

With one hand on the pommel of the saddle, and the other holding the bridle rein, he patiently waited for something to happen. And presently something did happen—a horse neighed, the sound coming from the left of where he stood.

Barton shouted, again and again, and directly a team loomed from out the darkness and the sleet, and a friendly voice shouted:

"Well, stranger, what's the trouble?"

"I'm lost, and I believe my ankle is badly sprained!" Barton replied, grateful for this opportunity coming.

"By mighty!" cried the other, as he aligted and came nearer, "it's a mercy I heard your call; you stood a good show for your last sleep in these drifts."

"Yes, I understand that fact quite well," Barton replied.

"And if I'd gone for Bessie at Wheatland instead of at Hilltop, you'd sure have perished," he said, slapping his arms back and forth vigorously. "But I say, stranger," he continued, in a much lower tone, "I've my niece in the wagon, and, if you'd just as lief, I'd rather you'd not say anything to her. The girl's in a peck of trouble; her dogoned husband, one of two weeks, mind you, has run away with another woman, or so she believes. I be switched if I take much stock in the yarn; I met the fellow once, and he was right decent!"

"And what may your name be?" asked Barton, his voice shaking.

"Hardcastle, sir, James Hardcastle of the O. C. Q. ranch; but Great Caesar, man, you're shaking as though you had a chill! Come, let me help you to the wagon, and then I'll tie the cayuse behind. There, now, steady," as he assisted him to the seat; "crawl in beside my niece. Bessie, please move along to let this gentleman, who's sprained his ankle, sit beside you."

And, bustling about, the man tucked the robes around the two; then mounted the wagon and, cracking his whip over the backs of his horses, drove on through the storm.

To Barton, sitting beside her from whom he had been so strangely separated, the light broke through the mist. Someone had seen him in company with his friend's sister, and had poisoned the mind of his wife. The deduction was apparent; she had believed all that was told her, and in this belief she had been abetted by her mother.

Then, impelled by his ardent love, he gathered her in his arms, and softly whispered, "Bessie."—Waverley Magazine.

FOUND IN ANCIENT RHODES.

Rock Carved in Relief of Greek Ship Discovered by Danish Explorers.

The Royal Academy of Sciences and Letters at Copenhagen is reaping a rich reward from the expedition it sent in 1902 to Lindos, a small town on the south coast of Rhodes, once a great island home of Greek culture in the Aegean sea, says the New York Sun. Since the Danes began to dig deep into its soil they have unearthed the larger part of its beautiful Acropolis, a fine temple, and ancient stairway of remarkable workmanship and an enormous amount of statuettes, vases and other antiquities.

The Acropolis of Lindos was especially rich in the signatures of artists who had beautified it. Before the Danes began their work only twelve of these signatures had been found, but the Danish explorers have added seventy-four names of men, several of whom made reputations that still survive.

The most curious discovery of all is described and pictured in the last report of the society. While the party were excavating along the face of an ancient wall built some 200 years before the Christian era, they came to the edge of a carving in the rock.

They followed it eagerly for days before they knew certainly what it represented. Finally they brought the whole carving into view and it proved to be a representation in relief of the stern of an ancient Grecian vessel.

A plaster cast made from it is now in the museum at Copenhagen and experts who have seen either the original at Lindos or the cast at Copenhagen say that it is a faithful representation of an ancient ship. The relief is in no respect embellished for decorative effect, but is a reproduction,, perhaps on a slightly smaller scale, of the stern of a Greek vessel of the Hellenic epoch.

Some of the coins of that time show reliefs of vessels and a considerable number of representations of ships have been discovered. The largest is now in the Palazzo Spada and the resemblance between it and the relief found at Lindos is very striking. The relief, however, has far more detail, and it was a splendidly executed piece of work.

On the side of the ship an inscription was cut into the stone showing that the relief was not meant merely as an ornament. It was hewn out of the rock to form the base of a statue in bronze in honor of Hagesandros. The statue has not been found, but the remains of an iron fence erected in front of the relief were unearthed.

Emperor William's Salary.

"What salary does the Emperor of Germany get?" asked a Herald reporter of Dr. Ernest Bickler of Berlin at the Raleigh.

"Not a cent as German Emperor. His emoluments all come to him as King of Prussia, and his yearly revenue is a very handsome sum, but the amount is one of the state secrets. The fact of his being at the head of the German empire does not better the King to the extent of a dollar, though there is a certain amount given him to be used, only, however, for charitable purposes. All of his many castles and estates were his inheritance as King of Prussia and would have been his anyway if the consolidation of the empire had never been effected. He is an enormously rich man and manages his great interests with good business ability."—Washington Herald.

The Speed Mania.

"Would you be against my marrying a fast young man, papa?"

"Not if he's going in the right direction, my dear."—London Opinion.

My Hair is Scraggly

Do you like it? Then why be contented with it? Have to be? Oh, no! Just put on Ayer's Hair Vigor and have long, thick hair; soft, even hair. But first of all, stop your hair from coming out. Save what you have. Ayer's Hair Vigor will not disappoint you. It feeds the hair-bulbs; makes weak hair strong.

The best kind of a testimonial—"Sold for over sixty years."

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass. Also manufacturers of

Ayer's SARSAPARILLA. PILLS. CHERRY PECTORAL.

CLASSIFIED ADS

NOTICE—The following announcements are from leading business men and firms, and are well worth your careful reading. The list may contain just the proposition you are looking for.

REAL ESTATE

EAST GREENACRES.

The only tracts on the market where you can contract to sell your crop. Ten trains a day. Abundance of water. Price $150.00 per acre—easy payments—come in or write for particulars.
BEECHER & THOMPSON.

Spokane, Wash. 110 Stevens.

Tickets To and From Europe

On All Lines Lowest Rates
For Rates and Information, call or write—a postal will do—for our latest folder C

THE **Chilberg Agency**

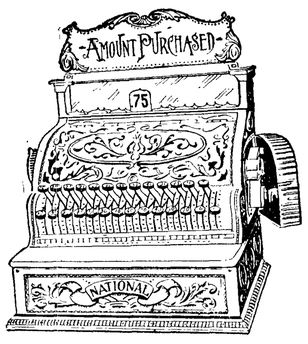
Basement Mutual Life Bldg., SEATTLE

He Felt 'Em.

Bacon—They say there are over a million species of insects in the world.

Egbert—That's no news to me. Don't you suppose I ever went to a Sunday School picnic in the woods?—Yonkers Statesman.

The game of whist a woman plays is not a reliable index to her useful accomplishments.



WE NOW SELL CASH REGISTERS
in all popular styles and makes

CHEAPER THAN EVER. WHY?

BECAUSE WE DO NOT BELONG TO THE TRUST.

WE ARE INDEPENDENT CASH REGISTER DEALERS BUCKING THE TRUST.

We handle all popular makes of cash registers, both **NEW** and **SECOND-HAND** at about **ONE-HALF** the monopoly company's **PRICES.**

HOW CAN WE DO IT?

The **TRUST** sets aside **HALF THE PRICE** of the register to pay the expenses of the agency and commissions to sales agents.

WE DO NOT.

The **TRUST**, at **INFLATED PRICES**, sells on the installment plan.

WE DO NOT.

The **TRUST** must keep up an **EXPENSIVE ORGANIZATION** for the purpose of freezing out competition.

WE DO NOT.

For we have no competition selling cheaper than we do.

WE SELL AT THE TRUE, NOT AT AN INFLATED PRICE.

WE GUARANTEE SATISFACTION.

If you do not care to **THROW** your money away to help fatten the **TRUST**, you will do well before purchasing elsewhere, to call at our store and **SEE**; or, if you cannot do that, to **WRITE** to us, stating your requirements.

You may take it for granted that we will give more time to the study of your wants and try to give you better satisfaction in order to secure recommendation, than would the **TRUST**, which, boasting of its monopoly which it does not enjoy, studies nobody—but its own pocket.

Write for our catalog and full information.

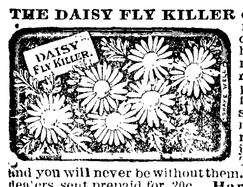
SAVE YOUR MONEY.

Call on or Write to

THE SUNDWALL COMPANY, Inc.

Independent Cash Register Dealers
Phones: Sunset Main 1180; Independent 697
609 FIRST AVE., SEATTLE, WASH.

THE DAISY FLY KILLER destroys all the flies and affords comfort to every home—in dining room, sleeping room and all places where flies are troublesome. Clean, neat and will not soil or injure anything. Try them once and you will never be without them. If not kept by dealers, sent prepaid for 20c. **Harold Somers,** 149 DeKalb ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.



CHANGE BRAND OF TOBACCO.

Smokers Sometimes Do Not Know Why They Seek a Novelty.

"In tobacco used for pipes it is quite a usual thing for smokers to change their brand every two years or so," said a dealer in such things, "though, on the other hand, there are some men who never change. This changing is in many cases simply a habit, but one which has been acquired in a curious way.

"The men who make such changes declare they have simply got tired of the old brand, whereas, as a matter of fact, it is often a case where the brand has deteriorated in quality. It used to be a common thing for some manufacturers to put out a new brand of smoking tobacco so good that it could not be sold at a profit at the price asked. This speedily boomed the brand to phenomenal popularity and then slowly, so slowly that it would not be noticed for a long time, the manufacturer would proceed to get his money back by using inferior stock in the brand.

"Fortunes were made in this way, and many a man who finally gave up his favorite brand never knew anything except that he had grown tired of it. The same trick is played nowadays, and probably always will be, but it is by no means so frequent. Many men who changed often for this cause, however, now make it a point to change regularly."—Philadelphia Record.

WIT OF THE YOUNGSTERS.

Visitor—Why, Harry, what are you crying about? Harry (aged 4)—I d-digged a h-hole in ze back y-yard, an' m-mamma won't let me b-bring it in ze h-house.

Mamma—Come, Elsie, it is time for you to go to bed. You were almost asleep before supper, you know. Little Elsie—Yes, but I got over it, mamma. I'm awfully unsleepy now.

Little Johnny—Papa, which can fly the higher, an eagle or a kite. Papa—I don't know, Johnny. Little Johnny—Well, you get an eagle to fly a race with my kite and we'll find out.

Small Edna—Oh, look at those cows! Small Nellie—They're not cows; they are calves. Small Edna—But what's the difference? Small Nellie—Cows give beef and calves give veal cutlets.

Small Child—Mamma, what kind of a gizzard does God love? Mamma—You mustn't speak of God in that way. Small Child—Well, in Sunday School they say God loves a cheerful gizzard.

"I'd hate to be a hen," said 4-year-old Bobby, who was visiting in the country. "Why, dear?" asked his grandma. "'Cause," replied the little fellow, "I'd have to lay eggs and I don't know how."

"Papa," said small Tommy, "does mamma love you more than she does me?" "Of course not, Tommy," replied the father. "Well, I think she ought to," rejoined the small philosopher, "'cause there is so much more of you to love."

"Mamma, has Mr. Brown's eyes got feet?" asked little Elmer. "Certainly not, dear," replied the mother. "But why did you ask?" "'Cause I heard sister say Mr. Brown's eyes followed her all around the room at the party last night," replied Elmer.

Traded Man for Blankets.

To trade a man for a roll of blankets is a rather unusual proceeding, and the trade in which he figured as the man is a never to be forgotten event in the life of William Jarman, who is 86 years old and once was "King Dodo" of Puget Sound Indians. That was fifty years ago, and "Blanket Bill," as he is called to this day, expects to reach the century mark in years, says the Brooklyn Citizen.

"Blanket Bill" was a man-o'-warsman on board a British frigate that sailed into Puget Sound water a great many years ago. With a party of other sailors he came ashore to trade with the Indians. The party became separated and with a yell the fire-eating aborigines set upon the main body of the British tars. All reached the boat but Jarman, who was captured and taken to the interior by the Indians. He fully expected to be scalped while the fagots burned about him, but he made friends with the chief and soon found himself elevated to a high position among the tribes. Before him every one bowed.

After several years Hudson bay traders heard that a white man was held in captivity among the Indians, and, bartering with the red men, secured the British sailor upon the payment of a roll of blankets.

But Jarman went back to live among the Indians. He married a squaw, or probably a good many more than one, for he says he would take his spouse back and trade her for another whenever he got tired of the same one. "Blanket Bill" attributes his long life to a plunge in the sea every morning and the avoidance of spirits of all kinds. A pipe is his only dissipation. And he walks eleven miles into Bellingham, State of Washington, every little while just for exercise.

Books that Helped.

"What books have helped you most?" asked the sincere nad serious young woman.

"I can't recall all of 'em," answered Mr. Cumrox, "but they were mostly stories with love and fighting in them. You see, I was in the book-selling business whn I began to get prosperous."—

Old Favorites

An Indian Serenade.

I arise from dreams of thee
In the first sweet sleep of night,
When the winds are breathing low
And the stars are shining bright.
I arise from dreams of thee,
And a spirit in my feet
Hath led me—who knows how?
To thy chamber window, Sweet!

The wandering airs they faint
In the dark, the silent stream—
And the Champak's odors pine
Like sweet thoughts in a dream;
The nightingale's complaint
It dies upon her heart,
As I must die on thine,

O, beloved as thou art!
O, lift me from the grass!
I die! I faint! I fail!
Let thy love in kisses rain
On my lips and eyelids pale.
My cheek is cold and white, alas!
My heart beats loud and fast;
O, press it to thine own again,
Where it will break at last!
—Percy Bysshe Shelley.

Crossing the Bar.

Sunset and evening star
And one clear call for me,
And may there be no moaning of the bar
When I put out to sea.

But such a tide as moving seems asleep,
Too full for sound and foam,
When that which drew from out the boundless deep
Turns again home.

Twilight and evening bell
And after that the dark,
And may there be no sadness of farewell
When I embark.

For tho' from out our bourne of Time and Place
The floods may bear me far,
I hope to see my Pilot face to face
When I have crost the bar.
—Alfred Tennyson.

CARAVANS OF THE DESERT.

Gold Hunters and Consumptives Found Traveling Side by Side.

Ever journeying across the desert sands and climbing the arid peaks and foothills of the far Southwest are two caravans—one seemingly rugged and healthy, though afflicted with a disease called goldomania, the other emaciated by the great white plague.

One is scarcely more optimistic than the other; one procession seeks a glittering yellow dust that means riches, the other a more precious thing—health. Though the trail may be long and the water holes infrequent; though the desert sun may be blistering and the tongue swollen with thirst; though the mountains may be steep and the path strewn with cacti, there is the glittering substance in the sand a little farther on for the argonaut; a lease of life at the horizon, when the red desert sun announces the dawn of another day, for the white plague's victim.

To many seeking their wonted vigor the hope that ever carries them onward is sometimes as futile as the race after the will-o'-the-wisp that lures the argonaut.

But the procession moves on and on; the pilgrims cannot leave the sands until the mountain air and sunshine have healed the scars made by death's chief ally.

The main trail of the weak-lunged leads from Pecos to Yuma. For more than 1,000 miles prospector and plague-ridden traverse its tortuous course. In the caravan seeking gold nearly all are poor. In the caravan exiled and fighting for health there are rich and poor, high and low, democratic and fraternal in their ills and expectancy.

To some this hope is as uncertain of realization as the prospector's pot of gold at the end of the rainbow. But many who have early joined the pilgrims, after years of travel by day under the scorching sun and sleep by night in the pure air of the mountain top, end their allotted exile and return to the old home 1,000 or more miles distant.

But the ranks are soon recruited And some there are who must travel along the great highway until the end.

Oftentimes the bones of prospector and plague-ridden are found bleaching in the canyon. The skeleton hand of one is outstretched up the hillside, where others reach the goal—and gold; the bony fingers of the other point home.—St. Louis Republic.

Stars on Coins and Flag.

The stars on the great seal and the seal of the president of the United States are five pointed, while on the seal of the house of representatives they are six pointed. The thirteen stars on the obverse of the present half and quarter dollar are five pointed. The reverse of the present half and quarter dollar is a copy of the great seal, except that the clouds are omitted. It is evident that heraldry has not taken a very strong hold in these matters in the United States, therefore it is not in the power of anyone to say without a doubt why the difference in the stars on the flag and the coins. So far as is known, with the exception of the reverse of the present half and quarter dollar, the stars on American coins are copied from the colonial coins, which were, no doubt, made after the manner of English heraldry, while the flag was made up after the design of Washington's coat of arms, containing three five-pointed stars.

BASEBALL IS EXPENSIVE.

National Game Is Great Industry and Millions Paid to See It.

One can say that thousands of dollars are expended annually for baseball games and convey in a vague way what baseball expenditure means, says the Washington Post.

Presuming that 25,000,000 spectators witnessed baseball games in 1905, which is the estimate of one hopeful citizen, it is fair to say that at least half of the 25,000,000 paid admision to the games. Suppose that each of this 12,500,000 paid 25 cents to witness his favorite sport. That would make a gross total of $3,125,000 at the gate in one season. That begins to sound more like figures.

Now add the car fare which was expended by each spectator, where the games are played in large cities, and the amount which was handed out to the peanut boy and the lemonade peddler, and an idea begins to form that baseball receipts accumulate quite a total, even if it is the cheapest and most popular form of outdoor sport.

Nor is what the spectator pays to witness the games all that is expended during the year. Great factories work day and night to make baseballs, and men have acquired fortunes in placing their wares before the public. Hundreds of tailors are employed in making baseball uniforms and scores of turners gain a livelihood turning out baseball bats, while the forests of the Middle West have been ransacked to obtain the best timber to provide the players with "sticks" to suit them.

Put $1,000,000 more on top of the amount paid to see games, and the mark has jumped over $4,000,000. Even that doesn't tell the story. Clubs expend large sums in travel. The railroads and the hotels are benefited. Spectators frequently journey long distances to witness matches between famous nines. At the world's series last fall there were three spectators who had come all the way from California to see the Giants play for the championship.

The fact is, baseball costs the people of the United States more than $5,000,000 annually, and the bill is growing heavier every year; but so small is the per capita expenditure and so great the enjoyment which is derived from the game that it is contributed without complaint and more open indication of real satisfaction than any "indirect tax" which is levied upon the community at large in behalf of a good time.

$100 Reward, $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

The Arkansas girl who announced that she would marry any man who would promise to support her isn't receiving as much mail as the average widow who still has her late husband's life insurance intact.

Shake Into Your Shoes

Allen's Foot-Ease. A powder. It makes tight or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for swearing, callous and hot, tired, aching feet. Sold by all Druggists. Price 25c. Trial package mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, New York.

A 7-year-old boy has been arrested for incendiarism. It would be a good plan to turn this boy into a base burner.

FITS St. Vitus' Dance and all Nervous Diseases permanently cured by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE $2 trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ld., 931 Arch St., Phila, Pa.

Congress passed only 700 bills at its recent session, which is a pretty good record when one stops to consider that it was tempted by the introduction of 34,450.

Mothers will find Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup the best remedy to use for their children during the teething perfod.

The "Moral" Aspect.

When a man claims he won a "moral" victory it means he has had the stuffing licked out of him.—Topeka Capital.

Things always look dark when Uncle Yim Hill puts on his colored spectacles and begins to peer into the future.

One million divorces is this country's record for twenty years. Still, we must not become pessimistic. Lots of people get married and live happily ever afterward.

Professor Matteucci denies having said the earth will soon be bumped by a comet, and the people who were afraid of being jarred out of fat political jobs can breathe easier.

Four Brussels banks have failed. It will go hard with their officials if their failure does any damage to King Leopold's financial interests.

Harvard's Oldest Graduate.

Charles A. Welch of Cohasset, Mass., is the oldest living graduate of Harvard, the sole survivor of the class of 1833. He is wealthy, in good health and as much interested in his alma mater as though he had graduated only last year. He practiced law for more than 70 years.

BAD BLOOD
THE SOURCE OF ALL DISEASE

Every part of the body is dependent on the blood for nourishment and strength. When this life stream is flowing through the system in a state of purity and richness we are assured of perfect and uninterrupted health; because pure blood is nature's safe-guard against disease. When, however, the body is fed on weak, impure or polluted blood, the system is deprived of its strength, disease germs collect, and the trouble is manifested in various ways. Pustular eruptions, pimples, rashes and the different skin affections show that the blood is in a feverish and diseased condition as a result of too much acid or the presence of some irritating humor. Sores and Ulcers are the result of morbid, unhealthy matter in the blood, and Rheumatism, Catarrh, Scrofula, Contagious Blood Poison, etc., are all deep-seated blood disorders that will continue to grow worse as long as the poison remains. These impurities and poisons find their way into the blood in various ways. Often a sluggish, inactive condition of the system, and torpid state of the avenues of bodily waste, leaves the refuse and waste matters to sour and form uric and other acids, which are taken up by the blood and distributed throughout the circulation. Coming in contact with contagious diseases is another cause for the poisoning of the blood; we also breathe the germs and microbes of Malaria into our lungs, and when these get into the blood in sufficient quantity it becomes a carrier of disease instead of health. Some are so unfortunate as to inherit bad blood, perhaps the dregs of some old constitutional disease of ancestors is handed down to them and they are constantly annoyed and troubled with it. Bad blood is the source of all disease, and until this vital fluid is cleansed and purified the body is sure to suffer in some way. For blood troubles of any character S. S. S. is the best remedy ever discovered. It goes down into the circulation and removes any and all poisons, supplies the healthful properties it needs, and completely and permanently cures blood diseases of every kind. The action of S. S. S. is so thorough that hereditary taints are removed and weak, diseased blood made strong and healthy so that disease cannot remain. It cures Rheumatism, Catarrh, Scrofula, Sores and Ulcers, Skin Diseases, Contagious Blood Poison, etc., and does not leave the slightest trace of the trouble for future outbreaks. The whole volume of blood is renewed and cleansed after a course of S. S. S. It is also nature's greatest tonic, made entirely of roots, herbs and barks, and is absolutely harmless to any part of the system. S. S. S. is for sale at all first class drug stores. Book on the blood and any medical advice free to all who write.

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Prompt Cash Returns for Consignments of Hides, Pelts, Wool and Furs at Full Market Value. Write for price list and shipping tags to Department B.
206 Third Avenue South . . . SEATTLE, WASH.

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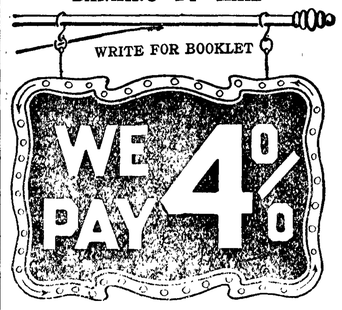

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SHOES FOR EVERY MEMBER OF THE FAMILY, AT ALL PRICES.

$25,000 Reward! *To any one who can prove W. L. Douglas does not make & sell more Men's $3 & $3.50 shoes than any other manufacturer.*

THE REASON W. L. Douglas shoes are worn by more people in all walks of life than any other make, is because of their excellent style, easy-fitting, and superior wearing qualities. The selection of the leathers and other materials for each part of the shoe, and every detail of the making is looked after by the most complete organization of superintendents, foremen and skilled shoemakers, who receive the highest wages paid in the shoe industry, and whose workmanship cannot be excelled.

If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer and are of greater value than any other make.

My $4 Gilt Edge and $5 Gold Bond Shoes cannot be equalled at any price.

W. L. Douglas stamps his name and price on the bottom to protect you against high prices and inferior shoes. **Take No Substitute.** Sold by the best shoe dealers everywhere.
Fast Color Eyelets used exclusively. Catalog mailed free. **W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.**

FOR SALE. Halls Safe as good as new. Will sell cheap for cash or on time payments if sold at once. For dimensions address P. O. Box 27, Seattle.

John D. Rockefeller says he is worth only $300,000,000, and Henry H. Rogers has recently had to borrow money for the purpose of continuing operations on a railroad that he is building in Virginia. Chancellor Day must be finding it hard to keep on hoping for the best.

One of Shakspeare's plays is being performed in Chicago with a good deal of success, perhaps owing to the fact that the scenic effects are equal to those employed in any of the musical comedies.

Platforms are made for one party to stand on and the other to jump on.

Malthoid Roofing

represents a quarter of a century experience in the manufacture of honest ready roofing.

Malthoid is impervious to climate conditions, acids and alkalies.

Write for descriptive booklets.

The Paraffine Paint Co.

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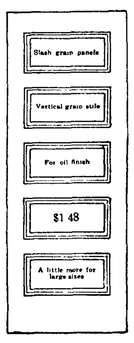
A select boarding school for boys. Located on the prairie, eight miles south of Tacoma, on Lake Steilacoom. Pure water wholesome food and outdoor exercise. Modern buildings. Instruction thorough and personal. Prepares for college or business life.

Fall term begins Sept. 12, '07. For particulars and full information, address D. S. Pulford, Prin., South Tacoma, Wash., R. F. D.



EVERYTHING for the house **CHEAPER** than elsewhere

This is the mail order Sash and Door house. Write for catalogue.

AINSLIE-BOYD CO.
6th Ave and Pine St.
SEATTLE -

A Philadelphia man with an income of $15 a day is reported to have died friendless the other day. He must have succeeded in concealing his income from everybody.

S N U No. 32—1907

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RIDAY, AUGUST 9, 1907

LAKE CRESCENT

Fast Becoming A Popular Resort for Tourists and Pleasure Seekers.

Openfng of The Piedmont--A Season of Gaiety and Good Cheer.

That Lake Crescent, with its fine fishing, its mountains, its picturesque scenery, and beautiful, dark waters, bids fair to be THE summer resort of the Northwest, there can be no reasonable doubt. Every season sees an increasing demand for accommodations for tourists and outing parties. This summer they have been taxed to the uttermost. Marymere with its stately trees, shady winding walks, and picturesque falls in the background, has been crowded to overflowing.

Beardsley Bay Camp with its rows of tented cottages, open air dining hall, and fishing facilities has found it necessary to add to its accommodations, by the erection of a big, spacious bungalow, which is now in the process of building.

The Crescent Hotel, although unfinished, recently taken in charge by Mr. Mitchell of Port Angeles, is already doing a fair business, and the "Piedmont," which has been closed for some time, has been put in thorough repair, refurnished, and, under a new management, is filling its rooms with delighted guests.

There are plans on foot to build an imposing and extensive hotel at Fairholm, the entrance to the Hot Springs trail.

Even the private cottages have been unusually gay and overflowing with guests. Brophy's, Turner's, Nollain's, Day's and Grubb's particularly so.

Perhaps the most unique and enjoyable social function of the season was given on Saturday night by Mrs. Jno. Trumbull, Mrs. T. S. Brophy, and Mrs. Grace Hutchison, at the "Piedmont." During the week the following invitation was sent to all the camps on ths lake:

"The Ogres of the Enchanted Castle
Send you greeting:

On the night of August 3rd, 1907.

Ye matrons, maids and merry men,
Who hide within your sunny glen,
We bid you leave your leafy dell,
And come to those who wish you well;
And spend the night in the castle grim,
That guards Lake Crescent's western rim.
To sing and dance, and meet once more
The merry folk of Fairy Lore.
To one who tells the fairest tale
Of walking ghost, or banshee's wail,
Of fishing bout, or Fairy spell,
Who tells it best, and tells it well,
A prize shall win, which he may take,
And bear away across the lake.
From eight to twelve we'll hold our revel,
With many a charm to guard from evil.
When midnight strikes at hour of twelve,
Each goblin, ghost, and fairy elve,
Will give our guests the parting hand,
And bid "God speed" from Fairy Land.

Mrs. Jno. Trumbull,
Mrs. T. S. Brophy,
Mrs. Grace Hutchinson.

Among the returns came the following:

From Beardsley Bay Camp.

To Mrs. Jno. Trumbull, Mrs. T. S. Brophey, Mrs. Grace Hutchinson:

To your kind invitation we now reply,
And upon our acceptance you may rely.
We know we shall have a jolly good time
In the Enchanted Castle until midnights chime.
Telling fish and ghost stories, we surely are fine,
And, in dancing, well, we are simply divine.
In the castle quaint, with its spacious floor
We will dance as we have never danced before.
The folks in the camp of the Beardsley bay
the night of the third will wend their way
To the Enchanted castle on Crescent Lake
There, an eve of enjoyment to partake.
From the Nollain cottage at Brookside.
By the shores of blue Lake Crescent, lookin' o'er the mountains grim,
There stands an ancient castle, that has ghosts and fairies in.
For the invitation says so, and its there that we will be—
On the third of this warm August, to join in revelry.
We've a guest from far off Scotland, by the name of Cunningham,
And a maiden from Seattle, who at art doth try her hand,
And then there's Mrs. Miller, besides our own brown three—
And we're glad that we're invited, and will be there Deo V.

From the Geierin home at Port Crescent this poetical regret was sent:

All the elves at Crescent Port
Long to join you, in the sport
Of the third of August night,
When the fays and spirits bright
Join in feast and dances light.

But when seven days shall dawn,
On light bark shall we be borne
Swiftly to strange, distant lands,
To the higher, dryer strands,
Far away from elfin bands.

So we pack, and brew, and clean,
That no trace of us be seen,
By the human eye so keen,
Accept from us our deep regret,
Your kindly thought we'll ne'er forget.

From Marymere.

On August 3rd our bark we'll take
And come to you across the lake,
To sing and dance, and tales to tell
Of fish, and ghost, and fairy spell,
And share with you your hearty cheer,
With thanks,—from Marymere.

On Saturday night the spacious rooms of Piedmont were beautifully decorated with cedar branches and the national colors; fires burned in the immense fireplaces, and peering out here and there were weird looking ghosts, lit up from within. The guests landed at Brophy's dock, where they were met by Ghost No. 1, a tall figure in white; and half way up the path ghost No. 2 pointed the way to the Enchanted Castle, which was beautifully lighted up, and at whose open door way two tall ghosts, one on either side, held out their spectral hands. In keeping with the character of the entertainment, the entertainers represented the following charaoterss John Trumbull, Alladin, with his wonderful lamp; Mr. Brophy, an Indian dancing chief; Mr. Sam Johnson, an ancient Highland chief; Mrs. Brophy was gorgeous in a green and yellow striped dress, as "Beauty," with "Schriner" as the "Beast"; Mrs. Jno. Cain was the Fairy Godmother, with Della Harvey as Cindrella; Angy Ritchie was Pocahontas; Mrs. Best a walking ghost; Mrs. Sam Johnson, Goody-Two-Shoes; Mrs. Jno. Trumbull, Little-Bo-Peep; Annette Trumbull, an Enchantress; Lyman Johnson and Jno. Cain, Fairy Princes, and Harry and Chester Hutchinson, goblins

Mr. Brophy, in line with his character, furnished the music for the dancing—with his phonograph—which was first-class.

The refreshments, which were served by Mrs. Hutchinson, the proprietor of The Piedmont, assisted by Mesdames Best and Trumbull, were all that could be desired, and as the revelers took their boats, and left the scene of gaiety behind them, they felt that they had indeed been beneath the spell of the "Enchanted Castle."

Mrs. Day returned from Sunshine Lodge, Lake Crescent, last Friday, after an extended stay there. Among her guests while at the lake were, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. King, Seattle; Mrs. F. C. Howe, Mr. Archie Howe, Miss Marion Howe, St. Paul; Mr. Davis and Mr. Diaz, Port Angeles.

Lippincott's for August shows a sumptuous feast of fiction, seasoned to suit critical readers who may be loafing by sea or mountain, or under their own roof-tree. Entertainment is the key-note of the contents; every line of it complete, with no tantalizing breaking off just when interest is at fever heat—and a thirty-day wait recommended before finding out what happens next.

Does your home contain a silent or worn out Piano or Organ? We will make you a liberal allowance for it on one of the best Inner Piano Players, or outside combination Players in the world—balance on easy terms. Sherman Clay Co., old Clallam county Bank Building.

Mrs. Wm. Payne and Mrs. Morissey gave an afternoon of pleasure to the ladies of the Episcopal Guild on Wednesday at the home of the latter as a farwell to Mrs. Herbert Babcock, who has been such a faithful, earnest worker in the church and Sunday school.

St. John's Lutheran Church. English service Sunday evening at 8 o'clock. There will be English services alternate Sundays from now on. Rev. John C. Drahn, the pastor, is now living here and will receive application for membership into the church at any time. Mr. D. Gasser will sing a solo at the evening service Sunday. All welcome.

A most enjoyable affair was the "Annual" given Wednesday night at the home of Mrs. W. K. Clark by the ladies of the Book Club. Cards and music were the features of entertainment, followed by the customary sumptuous repastf for which the annual gatherings of the club are noted. Mrs. W. F. Delabarre won the ladies first prize, and Dr. Mead the gentlemen's; while Mrs. W. V. Moore and Mr. J. A. Withrow carried off substantial consolations.

For your outing

We have everything in the way of Fishing Tackle, including the best makes of Rods and Reels, at prices that will save you money.

Cameras of every size and style, both the Premo and the Kodak. Tripods, Developing Tanks, Lanterns, etc. Plates, Films, Film Packs, Chemicals and Papers.

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Near Post Office
Phone 28 Mail your Orders

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Port Angeles Grocery Co.

Phone 38

THE COFFEE POT ASSUMES A NEW PLACE IN YOUR ESTIMATION WHEN IT BREWS THE DELICIOUS CHASE & SANBORN'S HIGH GRADE COFFEE

Seal Brand 2 lbs for 75c
Perfection Blend 30c the lb.
Triple Blend 25c the pound.

The right kind of tea possesses that delicious flavor, clear, rich, pleasing color and invigorating healthful effect CHASE & SANBORN'S PACKAGE TEAS are the right kind

E.B. Tea in bulk 50c lb.
E.B. Tea in pkgs. 70c
Formosa Oolong 35c a pkg.
Orange Pekoe 35c pkg.
Japan Tea 30c pkg.
Indian Chief Jap, 25c pkg.

All Grades of Bulk Teas

Port Angeles Grocery Co.

Phone 38

Notice and Summons by Publication.

In the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for Clallam county.

N. W. Huggins, plaintiff,

vs.

R. B. Albertson, and Jane Doe Albertson, his wife.

and all persons unknown, if any, having or claiming an interest or estate in and to the hereinafter described real property, defendants.

State of Washington to R. B Albertson, and Jane Doe Albertson, his wife, who are the owners, or reputed owners, of, and all persons unknown, claiming or having an interest or estate in the hereinafter described real property.

You and each of you are hereby notified that the above named plaintiff,

N. W Huggins,

is the holder of a delinquent tax certificate No. 13 issued by the treasurer of Clallam county, Washington, embracing the following real property situated in Clallam county, Washington, and more particularly described as follows, to-wit:

The north-west quarter (NW 1-4) of the north-east quarter (NE 1-4) of section twenty-two (22) township thirty (30) north of range six [6] west of the Willamette Meridian in Clallam County, Washington.

That said certificate was issued on the First day of December, 1897, for the sum of $42.72 for the delinquent taxes for the years 1895, 1896; that the taxes for the following years have beenpaid by the plaintiff, to-wit: the year 1897 the sum of $16.72; the year 1898 the sum of $17.40; the year 1899 the sum of $20.00; the year 1900 the sum of $.6.32; the year 1901 the sum of $16.96; the year 1902 the sum of $14.72; the year 1903 the sum of $15.48; the year 1904 the sum of $13.55; the year 1905 the sum of $14.14; the year 1906 the sum of $10.24, which several sums bear interestat the rate of fifteen per cent per annum from said date of payment.

You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of first publication of this notice and summons, exclusive of the day of said first publication to-wit, within sixty days after the 19thday of July, 1907, and defend the above entitled action or pay the amount of the taxes due, together with the costs, penalties and interests; and in case of your failure so to do judgment will be rendered foreclosing said tax lien for such taxes, penalties, costs and interest against said lands and premises hereinbefore mentioned.

N. W. Huggins, plaintiff.
William Ritchie, attorney for plaintiff.
Post Office address Port Angeles, Clallam county, Washington.
Date of first publication July 19,1907

Notice and Summons by Publication.

No. 463

In the Superior Court of the state of Washington, for Clallam county:

Puget Sound Mills & Timber Company, a Corporation, Plaintiff.

vs.

L. Ballou.

and all persons unknown, if any, having or claiming an interest or estate in and to the hereinafter described real property, Defendants.

State of Washington to L. Ballou, who are the owners, or reputed owners, of, and all persons unknown, claiming or having an interest or estate in the hereinafter described real property.

You and each of you are hereby notified that the above named plaintiff

Puget Sound Mills & Timber Company,

is the holder of a delinquent tax certificate No. 2333 issued by the treasurer of Clallam county, Washington, embracing the following real property situated in Clallam county, Washington, and more particularly described as follows to-wit:

The southwest quarter of the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter (SW 1 4 SE 1-4 SW 1-4) of section three (3) in township thirty [30] north of range seven [7] west of Willamette Meridian.

That said certificate was issued on the 5th day of July 1907, for the sum of $70.77 for the delinquent taxes for the years 1892 to 1896 inclusive; which several sums bear interest at the rate of fifteen per cent per annum from said date of payment.

You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this notice and summons, to-wit, within sixty days after the 12th day of July, 1907, and defend the above entitled action or pay the amount of the taxes due, together with the costs, penalties and interest; and in case of your failure so to do judgment will be rendered foreclosing said tax lien for such taxes, costs and interest against said lands and premises hereinbefore mentioned.

Puget Sound Mills & Ttmber Co., Plaintiff.
Trumbull & Trumbull, Attorney for Plaintiff.
P. O. Address, Port Angeles, Clallam county, Washington.
Date of first publication, Jul. 12, 1907

Notice and Summons by Publication.

No. 461

In the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for Clallam county.

Grace M. Adams, plaintiff,

vs.

A. Shafer and Jane Doe Shafer, his wife, and all persons unknown, if any, having or claiming an interest or estate in and to the hereinafter described real property, defendants.

State of Washington to
A. Shafer and Jane Doe Shafer, his wife, who are the owners, or reputed owners, of, and all persons unknown, claiming or having an interest or estate in the hereinafter described real property.

You and each of you are hereby notified that the above named plaintiff,

Grace M. Adams

is the holder of a delinquent tax certificate No. 1850 issued by the Treasurer of Clallam County, Washington, embracing the following real property situated in Clallam County, Washington, and more particularly described as follows, to-wit:

Lots seventeen (17) and eighteen (18) in block Two hundred sixty-two (262) of the Townsite of Port Angeles

That said certificate was issued on the 1st day of September, 1906, for the sum of $10.30 for the delinquent taxes for the years 1904, and 1905; that the taxes for the following years have been paid by the plaintiff, to-wit: the year 1906 the sum of $4.20, which several sums bear interest at the rate of fifteen per cent per annum from said date of payment.

You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this notice and summons, to-wit, within sixty days after the 5th day of July, 1907, and defend the above entitled action or pay the amount of the taxes due, together with the costs, penalties and interest; and in case of your failure so to do judgment will be rendered foreclosing said tax lien for such taxes, costs and interest against said lands and premises hereinbefore mentioned.

Grace M. Adams, Plaintiff.
Trumbull & Trumbull, Atty's for Plaintiff.
P O. Address, Port Angeles, Clallam county, Washington.
Date of first publication July 5, 1907

Notice and Summons by Publication.

No. 462

In the Superior court of the State of Washington, for Clallam county.

Puget Sound Mills & Timber Company, a corporation, Plaintiff,

vs.

C. Kirwin, and Jane Doe Kirwin, his wife, and all persons unknown, if any having or claiming an interest or estate in and to the hereinafter described real property, defendants.

State of Washington to C. Kirwin and Jane Doe Kirwin, his wife, who are the owners, or reputed owner, of, and all persons unknown, claiming or having an interest or estate in the hereinafter described real property.

You and each of you are hereby notified that the above named plaintiff,

Puget Sound Mills & Timber Company

is the holder of a delinquent tax certificate No. 2332, issued by the treasurer of Clallam county, Washington, embracing the following real property situated in Clallam county, Washington, and more particularly described as follows, to wit:

The southeast quarter of the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter (SE 1-4 SE 1-4 SW 1-4) of section three (3) in township thirty (30) north of range seven (7) west of the Willamette Meridian.

That said certificate was issued on the fifth day of July, 1907, for the sum of $70.77 for the delinquent taxes for the years 1892 to 1906 inclusive; which several sums bear interest at the rate of fifteen per cent. per annum from said date of payment.

You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this notice and summons, exclusive of the first day of said publication, to-wit, within sixty days after the 12th day of July 1907, and defend the above entitled action or pay the amount of the taxes due, together with the costs, penalty and interest, and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered foreclosing said tax lien for such taxes, penalties, costs and interest against said lands and premises hereinbefore mentioned.

Puget Sound Mills & Timber Co. Plaintiff.
Trumbull & Trumbull, att'ys for plaintiff
Post office address, Port Angeles, Wash.
Date of first publication, July 12, 1907.

B.P.O.E.—Naval lodge No. 353, meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock, at Haning Hall, cor. Oak and First streets. Visitors cordially invited.

H. M. FISHER, Exalted Ruler.
E. D. ELLIOTT, Secretary.

Recognized Leading Angeles Hotel for Commercial Men and Public Generally.

MERCHANTS HOTEL
E. E. DAY, PROPRIETOR

Special Attention Given to Catering for Dinners, Luncheons, and Party Suppers.

Only Wholesale Liquor House in County in Connection. Phone 4.
Goods Delivered Free in City. Mail Orders from County Patrons Given Prompt Attention.

The CITIZENS' NATIONAL BANK
NO. 6074
OF PORT ANGELES, WASH.
C. J. FARMER, PRESIDENT W. F. DELABARRE, VICE-PRESIDENT
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Domestic and Foreign Exchange Bought and Sold
WE SOLICIT YOUR BUSINESS

The Cash MEAT MARKET

F. E. POLLOW
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Orders for anything in the line of fresh and salt meats and vegetables promptly filled with the best to be had. Phone 17.
Market next to Gray & Henderson's.

Filion Mill and Lumber Co.

Manufacturers of and dealers in Rough and Dressed Lumber, Lath, Shiplap, Rustic Siding, Plain and Fancy Casing, Etc.

The Best Cedar Shingles Made.

Office and Mill on Lincoln Heights.

McKEE & LaFLOWER
Funeral Directors and Embalmers

PHONES
LAFLOWER 108
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CITY OFFICE 7

LADY ATTENDANTS

C. F. MERRITT,
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PHONES
Market 8. Residence 162-3

Schott Brothers
wholesale and retail dealers in
Fresh and Salt Meats
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Orders by Phone or the Children receive prompt attention and satisfaction is guaranteed

West Front St., Port Angeles

A.D. WOLVERTON
CARPENTER AND BUILDER
Band Sawing and Turning
Cresting and Porch work
Grilles Made to Order
Shop 7th & Oak Sts

A. D. WILLSON
Undertaker
—AND—
Embalmer
17 Years Practical Experience.
FIRST ST.
EAST OF LAUREL. PORT ANGELES

Bank of Clallam County
Established April, 1895
Transacts a General Banking Business
H. E. Lutz, President.
S. J. Lutz, Cashier.
INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS

New ranges at Baker's; cheapset and best.

H. C. MILLER
REAL ESTATE AGENT
Lists Any Property for Sale or Rent.
PORT ANGELES, WASHINGTON

Vacation Time

Is a year round pleasure when you take a Kodak with you

We have a full line of Eastman's Kodaks, Films and Chemicals

Fishing Tackle

We can fit you out with anything in this line, also give you some good suggestions in your selections

TROLLING OUTFITS

For the Lakes a SPECIALTY

C. E. NAILOR & CO.

PRESCRIPTION DRUGGISTS

Phone 41. **Mail Orders Are Solicited.**

FOR SALE.—One solid black walnut bed room suite in good condition, one clock, one stand, one set of Encyclopdia Brittanica, and other articles. Great bargain if sold at once. Enquire of J. P. Prickett, First street.

For Sale or Rent—A nice dwelling house on Front St., between Eunice and Francis; household furniture, fine range, washing machine—run by water power, for price of ordinary machine. Call on H. E. Risley or 'phone 76-2 rings.

For Sale at Once—Piano, bedroom suite, stoves, couch, chairs. stand, screen cupboard, tables, tubs, boilers, garden tools, hose, etc.
Mrs. Phoebe Lyster, Buck house, 'phone 167 3-rings.

"Summer Sausage" 25c the pound at Seevers Cash Store.

T. S. BROPHY & CO.

Phone 33

TRY US

For Your Grocery Wants

High Grade Goods Only

Courteous Treatment to All

Money Back if Not Satisfactory

Your Patronage Will Be Appreciated

T. S. Brophy & Co.

Opera House Block

For Sale—Fine young Jersey cow, perfectly gentle, chicken, bees, household furniture, stoves, beds, chairs, lounge, etc. Large house to rent.
Chas. S Bown.

For Sale—Household goods, including dining room table, desk, couch, carpets, kitchen stove and boiler, Wilson heater, kitchen chairs and table, garden tools, lawn mower, etc. G. N. Edwards, Front, near Vine. Phone 78.

For Sale—Household furniture, consisting of two bed room sets, dining room table and chairs, couch, machine, four stoves, also garden tools, hose and chickens. H. A. Babcock; phone 168.

CHURCH SERVICES

First M. E. church, corner Pea body and First, G. H. Simons, pastor. Sunday school 10 a. m., preaching at 11, class meeting at 11:55. Epworth League at 7, preaching at 8. The Rev. Joseph Williams, D. D., ex-President of Puget Sound University, will preach both morning and evening. A welcome for all.

There will be no services at St. Andrew's Church on Sunday, Aug. 11, except Sunday school at 10 a. m.

"Pop Corn" Starch 10c, 3 for 25c, at Seevers Cash Store.

Mrs. E. D. Gatchett and daughter Stella returned Tuesday to Seattle, after a pleasant week's visit with Mrs. M. Snyder.

Mr. and Mrs. R. D. Willson are entertaining friends from Pennsylvania, Mr. and Mrs. Dewar. Mrs. Willson and Mr. Dewar are cousins.

Mr. and Mrs. L. T. Haynes are enjoying an outing with Mrs. Brophy at Lake Crescent.

"Economy" Fruit Jars, cost more, because they are better than other fruit jars. $1.00 the dozen for pints; $1.25 for qts. and $1.50 for ½ gals. At Seevers Cash Store.

Attorney Stewart was a Victoria visitor this week.

FOR SALE CHEAP.

A one or two horse well driving outfit complete, new; also a U. S. separator, capacity 450 lbs. per hour, used one year. Address J. F. DELANEY, Blyn, Wash.

The Faultless Steel Range

A malleable range with or without reservoirs, four or six holes. Made of cold-rolled polished steel, and highest grade malleable iron. Double lined with abestos and extra steel plates. Air tight thruout. Malleable iron admits of tight riveting, while other ranges are merely drawn together. Entire front one piece, Reservoir heavy copper, three times capacity of any other range.
Come and see them and ask us for descriptive literature.

Rubber and Cotton Hose a large stock of the best grades at money-saving prices.

Steel and Bamboo Rods, Reels, Lines, Trolling Outfits, Gaff Hooks, etc. Flies 10c per dozen.

Call and Learn Our Prices.

R. D. Willson Hardware Co.

NEW STONE BUILDING

CITY NEWS

Miss Hypatia Dermel is home from Seattle on a visit.

"Fly-O-Curo," the great fly chaser, 50c the can at Seevers Cash Store.

Mine Host, Elmer E. Day, returned Wednesdey from a trip to Seattle.

A new line of Tailor Made Suits just in at Mrs. Phelps.

Mrs. Mollie Phelps returned Tuesday from a two month's vacation spent with friends in Tacoma.

"Quaker" Corn Meal, 15c the pkg, Seevers Cash Store.

J. C. Fields and daughter, Mrs. W. A. Willson, left Thursday for Tacoma on a business trip.

C. A. and C. E. Cushing came down on the excursion Sunday from Seattle.

E. L. Lockhart's home on Eighth street is resplendent this week in a new coat of paint.

"Barrington Hall" beats them all, the coffee line. Seevers sells it at 40c the pound, two pounds for 75c.

Frank Smith of Port Townsend is visiting his brother this week, Deputy Auditor W. B. Smith.

"Taganrok" The best Imoprted Macaroni, 20c or two for 35c at Seevers Cash Store.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Miller of Port Crescent spent Wednesday and Thursday in this city.

Now is the best time to paint; for your paints, lead and oil see H. Gutenberg & Co. for prices.

The Misses Lawrence, Neva and Josie, of Lost Mountain, are guests this week of Mrs. J. A. Withrow.

Mrs. A. L. Johnson entertained this, Friday, afternoon for Mrs. Ed Gieren, who is visiting id the city,

The new line of Coats and Jackets of the very latest styles at Mrs. Phelps.

Miss Cora Tillman returned Monday from upsound and took up her new duties with Mrs. Phelps.

H. R. Tucker, Asst. P. M., returned Tuesday from a business visit to Seattle.

A. L. Johnson left Monday evening for Seattle and Everett on special business.

All kinds of Fishing Tackle, Rods and Poles, at H. Gutenberg & Co.'s Hardware and Furniture Store.

The Milwaukee surveyors reached East Clallam. Location work, with the Hoko Falls as headquarters, has been resumed.

D. A. Christopher is having his house on Seventh street repainted. The colors harmonize, presenting a very pleasing appearance to the property.

Mrs. Willie Stewart entertained a few ladies at luncheon last Saturday, at the residence of her daughter Mrs. Horace White, complimentary to Mrs. Cook.

Dr. and Mrs. Cooke of Seattle and their guests, Mr. and Mrs. Stone of Chicago, came down on the excursion boat Sunday, going on to Lake Crescent from here.

Thomas Oleson returned Friday from a visit with his sister at Whitehall, Mich. Tom says, after all, this is the only place in which to live.

Otto Schenk is building a new house on his lots on Seventh street, near Laurel. He has torn the old house down, has the cellar and foundation in and frame raised for a larger and more commodious home.

If you want the best sewing machine on earth see Baker.

If you are going to buy a dinner set, see Baker.

House plants and cut flowers at the Angeles greenhouse, corner 10th and Lincoln. 24-4t

C. E. Fulmer left Tuesday on his new launch for Seattle, where he will ask for a license to navigate the waters of Clallam county.

Miss Pease, who has been a guest at the Delabarre home for some two weeks, departed for Seattle Wednesday, where she visits a brother. Miss Margarete Delabarre accompanied her.

Mrs. F. E. Brown went to Seattle Wednesday for a short visit.

For your Ranges and Heaters, we always have a large line to select from at very reasonable prices. Call in when in need of a good range or heater and learn our prices.
H. Gutenberg & Co.

Trade that old cook stove to Baker for a new range.

Rev. Wm. C. Drahn will hold divine service at the Blue Mountain district school house Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Full value allowed for an old stove in exchange for a new one at Bakers.

Hannibal Hohlman has had removed to the reserve lot on the south side of First street, near the city jail, the residence building formerly occupied by the late Mrs. Rangtrom.

Mrs. Risley is entertaining a friend, Miss Maebelle Carscaddin of Ellensburg. Miss C. is a teacher in the Normal at Ellensburg.

H. P. Cramer of Seattle was in Angeles this week, arriving here last Saturday evening, and coming to look after his property interests. Mr. Cramer first set foot in Angeles in 1882, twenty-five years ago.

A nice line of plows always kept in stock at H. Gutenberg & Co..

A. Ahlvers, the butcher, is having a substantial addition to his residence on Eighth street built. Mr. McLeod has the contract for the work.

The smoke, caused by forest fires, which was so dense on the lakes last Thursday and Friday, lifted on Saturday and everything out there is lovely again.

Judge Wilson and two nieces, of Seattle, are visiting at the home of Mrs. Hatch. Mrs. Hatch expects to move to Seattle in a few weeks.

New fall and winter Dress Goods, latest plaids of all kinds, just received at Mrs. Phelps.

Ed Gieren of Port Crescent has decided to move to North Yakima, where it is higher and dryer, hoping to find better health. Clallam county can ill afford to lose the family.

A piano in the home is evidence of refined taste when that piano bears the name Steinway, Knabe, Fischer Ludwig, Wellington, Estey, or any of the other world leaders handled exclusively in the west by Sherman Clay Co. and indicates the finest kind of musical taste and good judgment on the part of the home. This great Piano House has opened in the building recently occupied by the Bank of Clallam County with a select stock direct from factory at factory prices. Easy terms. Old Organs and Pianos taken in exchange. Open Evenings.

Just received, a nice line of Shotguns and Rifles—hammer and hammerless; also something new in automatic rifles; also carry full line of ammunition. Don't send away for your goods, but call in and learn our prices before buying. H. Gutenberg & Co. Hardware and Fur. Store.

Mrs. Ed Gieren, with her sister, Miss Bertha Burrows, and her cousin, Miss Burrows of New York, who has been spending the summer with Mrs. Gerien, came up from Crescent on Wednesday's boat. They leave this evening for their new home at North Yakima.

C. S. Bown, one of our best instructors, has accepted the position of principal of the schools at O'Brien, this state. Mr. Bown has been a resident of Angeles for ten years, making many friends, who will miss him in educational work. The family will go with him into his new field of labor. His son Fred has secured the position of teacher in the second room of same school.

ANGELES MUSIC HOUSE

WILLIAM A. LANGE, Manager.

The Only Permanent PIANO & MUSIC HOUSE —And Taxpayers— OF CLALLAM COUNTY

Licensed Agents Of EDISON PHONOGRAPH And Supplies

We received notification from EDISON PHONOGRAPH Co., that, owing to advance of wages increased cost of material generally, the Prices of all styles of

EDISON PHONOGRAPH

Will on and after Sept. 16, 1907 be raised twenty per cent

ANYBODY contemplates buying will save money by placing their orders at ONCE

PRICES

Present Prices		After Sept. 16th	
GEM	$10	GEM	$12.50
STANDARD	$20	STANDARD	$25.00
HOME	$30	HOME	$35.00
TRIUMPH	$50	TRIUMPH	$55.00

PIANO & ORGANS

All Other Musical Instrument DEPARTMENT

Any Piano you desire to Purchase, If not in Stock, will be furnished on Short Notice, at a Lower Price than Elsewhere, Direct from Manufacturer and Importer and may be purchased on

EASY MONTHLY PAYMENTS

Orders Taken For TUNING & REPAIRING

ANGELES MUSIC HOUSE

IN THE PICKLING SEASON

Every Good Housewife Appreciates Good Cider Vinegar

For the Best is 'None too Good'

Pure Cider Vinegar per gal 45c

Heinz White Wine Vinegar per gal 50c

Heinz Malt Vinegar Quart Bottle 25c

Mixed Spices per lb 35c

Whole cloves

Allspice

Cinnamon

Celery Caraway Mustard SEEDS

E. W. MERRILL & CO.

Phone 5

CALL ON JIM KNIGHT

For Anything In Men's Furnishings

Shirts, Ties, Underwear, Gloves, Socks, Sweaters, Umbrellas, Hats, Caps, Blankets and Comforts, Sheets and Pillow Cases

EVERYTHING NEW AND Up-To-Date No Old Stock Only One Price For CASH

JIM KNIGHT

Corner Front & Laurel

Herbert and Frank Anderson arrived Tuesday from Eureka, Calif., and left immediately for a month's visit with their father in Geyser valley.

Misses Julia and Hazel Burdick returned Saturday from North Dakota for an extended stay with their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. O. W. Burdick.

Just received, a very nice line of English, American and Inlaid Linoleums; something new in the line of patterns. Also a nice line of mats, art squares and rugs; also fine line of fancy glass sets and fancy dishes. A large line of fancy dressers, commodes, chiffoneers, rockers, chairs and bedsteads. Everything is going to be sold at a very reasonable price. Call in and learn prices before buying. H. Gutenberg & Co.

Miss Drees of Seattle was a guest of Miss Pearl Stakemiller, returning home Thursday, accompanied by Miss Pearl, who went for a two weeks stay. Miss Flora leaves this evening for the Queen City, also for a two weeks stay.

Just arrived today, a fine line of the latest styles of silk shirt waists. Prices low, $2.50 to $8.00. Mrs. Phelps.

Our Ice Cream is our hobby!

Try it and you'll understand why. We couldn't improve it at twice the price.

Goldwater Bros.

Phone 3

Order to Show Cause

Why Order of Sale of Real Estate Should not be Made

In the Superior Court, for Clallam County, State of Washington.
No. 407.

In the matter of the estate of Emma Grams, Deceased.

C. F. Merritt, the Executor of the last Will and Testament of Emma Grams, deceased, having filed a petition herein praying for an order of sale of so much as necessary of the real estate of said decedent, for the purposes therein set forth.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED by the Court Commissioner of said Court, that all persons interested in the estate of said deceased appear before the said Superior Court, on Saturday, the 7th day of September, 1907, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the Court Room of said Superior Court, at the Court House in Port Angeles, County of Clallam, to show cause why an order should not be granted to the said Executor to sell so much of the real estate of the said deceased Emma Grams as shall be necessary.

And that a copy of this order be published at least four successive weeks in a newspaper printed and published in said Clallam County, and the copies of this order be posted for said time in three of the most public places in Clallam County for four successive weeks before said day of hearing.

GEO VENABLE SMITH.
Court Commissioner of said Superior Court.
Dated August 8 h, 1907.

Notice of Sheriffs Sale

Caus No. 2294.
In the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for Clallam County.
E. M. Gordon, plaintiff,
vs
Ohlin H. Adsit, and Carolyn C. Adsit, his wife, defendants

Under and by virtue of an ORDER OF SALE, issued out of and under the seal of the Superior Court of the State of Washington, holding terms at Port Angeles, in and for said County, on the 10th day of July, A. D. 1907, upon a judgment rendered in said Court on the 10th day of July, A. D. 1907, in favor of E. M. Gordon, and against Ohlin H. Adsit, and Carolyn C. Adsit, his wife, for the sum of Six Hundred and Forty-one and 66-100 ($641.66) Dollars, together with attorney's fees, interest, costs and increased costs and to me directed and delivered, commanding me to sell the following described property to satisfy said judgment, to-wit:

The south-west quarter (SW ¼) of Section Thirty-two [32], Township Thirty-one [31] North, Range Eleven [11], west.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, That on Saturday, the 10th day of August A. D. 1907, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, I will sell the above described property, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy said judgment, together with attorney's fees, interest, costs and increased costs, in all amounting to the sum of Seven Hundred and Ten and 57 100 ($710.57) Dollars.

Said sale will take place at the front door of the Court House in Port Angeles, in said County and State, and will be at public auction, for cash in hand to the highest and best bidder.

Dated at Port Angeles, Wash., this 11th day of July, A. D. 1907.
A. J. COSSER, Sheriff.
Date of first publication July 12, 1907.

Notice of Intention of County Commissioners to Sell Real Estate.

The board deeming it to the best interest of the county, that they sell the following described property acquired by said county in settlement of the Clump shortage with the First National Bank of Port Angeles, to-wit:—

The NE 1-2 of NW 1-4 and W 1-2 of NE 1-4 of Section 22, Township 30 North of Range 8 West of Willamette Meridian.

The board hereby instructs the County Auditor to advertise in three different newspapers of the county, for four consecutive weeks as provided by law, that the said board will meet on the 13th day of August, 1907, at the hour of 2 o'clock p. m. for the purpose of hearing evidence and taking testimony, should any be offered, as to the propriety an advisability of making such sale.

By order of the Board July 6th, 1907.
[SEAL] N. M. HAWKINS,
Auditor of Clallam County, Wash.
Date of first publication, July 12th, 1907.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has sold his interest in the firm of Gray & Henderson to Mr. Gray, who assumes all debts against the firm, and collects all outstanding accounts.

W. W. Gray.
T. L. HENDERSON.

Olympic Leader

WEBSTER PUB. CO.

Port Angeles, - - Wash.

Minor Happenings of the Week

The czar and Emperor William met aboard the latter's yacht Tuesday and discussed political questions.

On Monday, at Atlanta, Governor Hoke Smith, in the presence of a large crowd, signed the bill making Georgia a prohibition state.

Judge K. M. Landis has declined a position as chief counsel for the People's Security Company, of New York, with a salary of $25,000.

It is stated that the United States Steel Corporation is to purchase its worst competitor, the Midland Steel Company, for $15,000,000.

The Duchess of Marlborough has taken two houses in London and intends to care for the wives and children of convicts. They will be taught occupations by which eventually they can earn an independent living.

It is asserted that an American syndicate is to establish a bank at Montevideo, and that manufacturers have resolved to pen branches also and to increase the number of ships plying between New York and Montevideo.

The Colorado Mine Owners' Association has decided to enforce the card system against the Western Federation of Miers. Hereafter every workman employed by the association must carry a card showing that he is free from union influence.

Gen. Stoessel, who is about to be tried by a courtmartial for having surrendered a fortress at Port Arthur to the Japanese, has been defended in an open letter written by Capt. Tsuneda, the Japanese military attache at Paris.

David Christie Murray, the novelist, died at London last week.

F. Augustus Heinze, at sheriff's sale last week, purchased the Kettle mine in the Basin district, Montana. Over $300 000 was involved.

Prohibitionists of Nebraska, gathered in convention at Lincoln, adopted a platform demanding the "constitutional and statutory outlawry of liquor traffic."

With the view of restricting expenses in the freight traffic departments of the New York Central and affiliated lines, eighty-four freight representatives in various parts of the country have been let out.

Commander Robert E. Peary states that he will probably again leave for the North within a week. The repairs on the Roosevelt, his polar ship, are expected to be completed within that time.

The French minister of public works has approved the project of the department of bridges and roads for the construction of a canal to connect the valley of the Rhone with the port of Marseilles. The project involves a tunnel seven kilometers in length at a cost of $6,900,000.

The new direct cable from New York to Colon, Panama, was opened for business Friday by the Central South American Cable Company. Incidental to the opening, President Roosevelt sent a congratulatory message from Oyster Bay to James A Scrymser, president of the company.

A Victoria dispatch says there is a plan to bring about an amalgamation of the brewing interests in Victoria, Vancouver, New Westminster and Nanaimo. It is expected that ultimately a working agreement will be reached between the stockholders of the various companies operating on the Pacific coast The cruiser California has been placed in commission at the Mare Island navy yard

KING AND KAISER TO MAKE UP DIFFERENCES

Vienna, Aug. 3.—The meeting of King Edward and Emperor Francis Joseph at Isehl on August 15 is of high political importance. In addition to discussing international questions, it is stated that Emperor Francis Joseph will assume the role of intermediary to bring about a final reconciliation between King Edward and Emperor William of Germany, while the reconciliatory policy will culminate in an endeavor to establish an entente cordial between the two groups of powers headed by Great Britain and France on the one side and Germany and Austria on the other side, for which purpose King Edward is seeking the assistance of the two emperors.

Real Estate Decision

Olympia, Aug. 7.—Real estate agents who indorse a purchaser's draft in order to make a sale may hereafter expect to have to make good the paper if it is returned dishonored. Charles E. Marvin & Co., of Seattle, must do so in the suit brought against them by Wililam L. O'Conell to recover $400 on a draft given as earnest money by a prospective purchaser of a 17-acre tract of land at the mouth of the Duwamish river.

Washington News

Snohomish slough, near LaConer, will be dredged by the government.

The steamship Victoria sailed from Nome Saturday with 500 passengers and half a million in gold.

Seattle is to have a public market. which will be opened on August 17. It will be located at Pike place, just north of Pike street.

Gov. Mead has paroled three Walla Walla convicts, sentenced from the Eastern part of the state. Their names are W. A. Lewis, John Hayes and Matt Nealen.

The United States army transport Dix left Seattle Tuesday for the Philippines and Honolulu with one of the largest single cargoes of supplies ever taken from Seattle, amounting to 7,800 tons.

Traffic managers of the Northern Pacific and Great Northern railroads say that the railroads will not be hampered by a shortage of cars this fall in handling the bumper Washington wheat crop, estimated at 35,000,000 bushels.

Guggenheim interests have awarded contracts or 1,500,000 feet of bridge timbers to be provided immediately by Puget Sound mills for use on the Copper River and Northwestern, building from Katalla to the interior. Deliveries are to begin immediately and to be all in the North before the end of fall.

Sixty-three bushels to the acre is one Walla Walla farmer's wheat yield on a ninety acre field.

The new steel bridge over the Humptulips river was opened for traffic last Wednesday afternoon, the connecting link in the roadway between Seattle and the Pacific ocean beach thus completed. The roadway is in fair conditiion but is heavy with loose gravel.

Gov. Mead offers $1,000 for the arrest of John Riplinger, embezzling city comptroller of Seattle. The governor will also make renewed efforts to induce the state department to use its good offices to induce the Honduras authorities to surrender Riplinger if he is in that country.

CONVICT LABOR TO BUILD STATE ROADS

Olympia, Aug. 3.—Thirty convicts from the state penitentiary at Walla Walla, in charge of five guards, will leave the prison in a few days for Pateros, Okanogan county, where they will be employed constructing one of the new state roads authorized by the last legislature. Under the new law the penitentiary is furnishing these convicts at the request of the state higway board. The cost of transporting the prisoners, their food and clothing while employed on the work, and generally the cost of conducting the camp, will be paid out of the appropriation for the road, except that no wages will be figured for the labor of the convicts.

The work there will be under the direction of Joseph Snow, state highway commissioner, who has had personal charge of construction of the camp and has just completed final arrangements with the board of control for securing the men.

Orders Dissolution ot Trust

Chicago, Aug. 6.—Judge Landis in the United States district court yesterday ordered the dissolution of the church and school furniture trust recently punished by fines amounting to $43,000 for admitted violation of the antitrust laws. The court entered a decree making permanent the injunctions recently granted against the companies which were recently fined, restraining them from further trust agreements or conspiracies to monopolize and restrain trade in violation of the law.

SEATTLE MARKET REPORT

Purchasing Prices.

The followiong prices are offered to the producer by the local dealers for delivery in round lots f. o. b. Seatle, and are subject to change without notice.:

Grain—Oats, $25@26 per ton; barley, $22@22.50; wheat, chicken feed, $28@29; bran, $17@18; shorts, $19 @21; corn, $25@26.

Hay—Eastern Washington, $21@24; Puget Sound $18@20; alfalfa, $10.00

Eggs—Strictly fresh ranch, 29@31c.

Poultry—Live hens, 15c per lb; old roosters, 16c; spring chickens, 17c.

Wool—Eastern Washiington 15@ 18c per lb; Western Washington, 21@22c; dirty or timber stained, 12 @12½c.

Live Stock—Sheep, wethers, 5@ 6c per lb; ewes, 5 @6c; lambs, 6@6½c; Hogs, 4@4½c; Cattle, steers, 5½c ; cows, 4½c; calves, 5@6c.

Tacoma Quotations.

Wheat—Club, 84c bluestem, 86 red, 82c.

Oats — 29.50$@31; rolled oats $31.50@33.

Hay, Alfalfa, Etc.—Wheat hay, $18 @21; timothy, $26@$27; mixed, $15 @20; clover, $21@23; alfalfa, $13 @14.

Feed—Corn, $31; wheat, $31; barley, whole grain, $25; rolled, $25@26; shorts, $21@22; bran, $20 @21.

Poultry—Turkeys, dressed, 23c; chickens, dressed, 22c; ducks, dressed 18c; geese, dressed, 18c. Live—Hens 12c; ducks, 12c; geese, 12½c.

Butter—Washington creamery, 29c; fresh Eastern, 27c.

Eggs—Washington ranch, 28c.

FINED LIMIT AMOUNT

LANDIS ASSESSES STANDARD OIL $29,240,000.

Says Fine is Not Excessive, Being But Third of Dividends During Period of Crime—Great Monopoly No Better than Counterfeiters or Mail Robbers.

Chicago, Aug. 5.—Judge Kenesaw M. Landis, Saturday, in the United States district court fined the Standard Oil Company of Indiana $29,240,000 for violation of the law against accepting rebates from railroads. The fine is the largest ever assessed against any individual or any corporation in the history of American jurisprudence. The case will be carried to the higher courts by the defendant company.

The penalty imposed on the company is the maximum permitted under the law, and it was announced at the end of a long opinion, in which the methods and practices of the Standard Oil Company were mercilessly scored. The judge, in fact, declared in his opinion that the officials of the Standard Oil Company who were responsible for the practices of which the corporation was found guilty, were no better than counterfeiters and thieves, his exact language being:

"We may as well look at the situation squarely. The men who thus deliberately violated this law wound society more deeply than does he who counterfeits coin or steals letters from the mail. The nominal defendant is the Standard Oil Company of Indiana, a million dollar corporation. The Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, whose capital is $100,000,000, is the real defendant. This is for the reason that, if a body of men organize a large corporation under the laws of one state for the purpose of carrying on business throughout the United States and for the accomplishment of that purpose absorb the stock of other corporations, such corporations so absorbed have thenceforth but a nominal existence. They cannot initiate or execute any inherent business policy, their elimination in this respect being a prime consideration of their absorbtion. So, when after this process has taken place, a crime is committed in the name of such smaller corporation, the law will not consider that the latter corporation is the real offender. And where the only possible motive of the crime is the enhancement of dividends and the only punishment authorized is a fine, great caution must be exercised lest the fixing of a small amount encourage the defendant to further violations by esteeming the penalty to be in the nature of a license.

Maximum Fine Not Excessive

"The defendant argues that to hold it for 1462 offenses would be a violation of the constitutional prohibition against the imposition of excessive fines, and it is urged that congress could never have intended to confer such power. It is the view of the court that for the law to take from one of its corporate creatures as a penalty for the commission of a dividend paying crime less than one-third of the net revenues accrued during that period of violation falls far short of the imposition of an excessive fine, and surely to do this would not be the exercise of as much real power as is employed when a sentence is imposed taking from a human being one day of his liberty.

"The law prohibiting preferential railroad rates was passed twenty years ago. Its adoption was preceded by vigorous opposition interposed by those who had been the peneficiaries of the vicious practices its enactment was designed to abolish. Immediately thereafter these persons set about to devise means for its evasion. The records of the court and of the interstate commerce commission show the employment of a large variety of schemes to accomplish this result. During the period since 1887 congress has repeatedly endeavored to effectively amend this law with aview to the accomplishment of its great object.

"Finally, in 1903, the Elkins law was passed. The court recalls that at that time the earnest hope was verv generally entertained that at last a means had been devised that would put an end to preferential rates, and yet a few months thereafter the Standard Oil Company procured 1900 car loads of property to be shipped at an unlawful secret rate. And for this offense the Elkins law authorizes punishment only by fine—an obvious defect, remedied, however, by the present law, which prescribes imprisonment in the penitentiary for like offense. However, it is the business of a judge to administer the law as he finds it rather than expatiate on the inadequacy of punishment authorized by its infraction.

"It is the judgment and sentence of this court that the defendant, the Standard Oil Company, pay a fine of $29,240,000.

"One thing remains. It must not be assumed that in this jurisdiction these laws may be ignored. If they are not obeyed, they will be enforced. The plain demands of justice require that the facts disclosed in this proceeding be submitted to the grand jury with a view to the consideration of the conduct of the other party to these transactions. Let an order be entered for a panel of 60 men returnable at 10 o'clock on the morning of August 14. The United States district Attorney is directed to proceed accordingly."

Under the seven indictments still pending against the Standard Oil Company, an additional fine amounting to $88,440,000 may be levied against the company, if it is found guilty on trial. There are in these seven indictments a total of 22 counts, and the maximum fine on each count would be $20,000.

COMMISSIONER SMITH ADDS A FEW STRAWS

Washington, Aug. 5.—Significant revelations are made public in a report submitted to President Roosevelt by Herbert Knox Smith, commissioner of corporations, concerning operations of the Standard Oil Company.

In a previous report the means and methods of the Standard Oil Company were explained. The present report sets forth the results of these methods and the effect they have had on the consumer of oil and on the profits of the Standard Oil Company. Among other things Commissioner Smith says:

"The Standard Oil Company is responsible for the course of prices of petroleum and its products during the last twenty-five years. The Standard has consistently used its power to raise the price of oil during the last ten years, not only absolutely, but relatively to the cost of crude oil.

"The Standard has claimed that it has reduced the price of oil; that it has been a benefit to the consumer; and only a great combination like the Standard could have furnished oil at the prices that have prevailed.

"Each one of these claims," says Commissioner Smith, "is disproved by this report."

The increase in annual profits of the Standard Oil Company from 1896 to 1904 was more than $27,000,000.

The report says:

"The total dividends paid by the Standard from 1902 to 1906 were $551,922,124, thus averaging 24.15 per cent a year. The dividends, however, were much less than the total earnings. It is substantially certain that the entire net earnings of the Standard from 1882 to 1906 were at least $700,000,000, and possibly much more.

These enormous profits have been based on an investment worth at the time of the original acquisition not more than $75,000,000."

ALABAMA CANCELS RAILWAY LICENSE

Montgomery, Ala., Aug. 3.—The license of the Southern Railway to do business in Alabama has been revoked by action of Secretary of State Julian, for alleged violation of senate bill 98 effective July 1.

This action of the secretary of state is not in resistance of restraining orders issued by the United States court of the fifth circuit, as this law is not among those combatted by the railroads and not included in any of the litigation now pending in the court of Federal Judge Jones, of the Middle Alabama district.

The case upon which the revocation was made came from the circuit court of Talladega county in the shape of a noticfiation from Clerk McNeil. The suit has been removed from the state circuit court to the federal court.

Secretary Julian investigated the law and decided there was nothing else to do but mark the license cancelled, as the action of the statute is automatic.

The act provides that when any foreign corporation is sued in the state courts and removes such suit from the state court to the federal courts, the clerk of the court from which the removal was taken will at once certify such action to the secretary of state, "who shall thereupon immediately cancel such license and make and enter upon the stub thereof an order in substance."

STANDARD AND RAILROADS LIKELY TO CO-OPERATE

Chicago, Aug. 7.—Conferences indicating a combination of interests between the Standard Oil corporation andthe railroad officials to fight further government investigation are in progress in Chicago and New York, according to the Chicago Record-Herald.

The Alton, the Burlington and the Chicago and Eastern Illinois lines, jointly named in the 4,391 indictments returned by a federal grand jury, are represented in the negotiations. Attorneys John S. Miller and Moritz Rosenthal, for the Standard Oil Company, have been instructed to shorten their vacations.

The attitude of Judge Landis in declaring the railroads equally culpoable with the oil corporation in rebating offenses and calling of the special grand jury, has caused the hasty banding together of the different interests.

ORIENTAL FLEET FOR MILWAUKEE RAILROAD

Seattle, Aug. 3.—President A. J. Earling of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railway, in an interview said the Milwaukee will have a fleet of large steamships plying between Puget Sound and the Orient when the extension of his road is finished in 1909. A tentative agreement has been made with the Osaka Shosen Kaisha to operate the line. Nine vessels, each having a capacity of 12,000 tons, are now building in Japan. The latest ship, under the agreement, is to be delivered not later than February, 1909.

TO PROVE AMITY

JAPAN AND UNITED STATES TO DEMONSTRATE FRIENDSHIP.

Demonstration Will Take Form of Negotiations for the Removal of All Differences Which Have Arisen—War Talk Declared All Political.

Chicago, Aug. 5.—A special dispatch to the Tribune from Washington says: Japan and the United States propose to demonstrate to each other and to the world their mutual desire to maintain close and friendly relations. The demonstrvation is to take the form of negotiations for the removal of all differences which have arisen between them. As a result of investigations into Asiatic immigration conditions which Secretary Straus and the Japanese commission are making the two governments will be in a position to approach the settlement of the grave exclusion question with a better appreciation of each other's necessities and embarrassments.

WAR TALK CONFINED TO JAPANESE POLITICIANS

San Francisco, Aug. 6.—Among the arrivals on the Nippon Maru yesterday was P. F. Casey, who made some study of conditions in Japan. He is on his way to his home in Auburn, N. Y., after finishing a tour of the world. He says that the war talk in Japan is confined to the politicians of the Progressive party, who are opposed to the present ministry. He continued:

"There is no talk of war with this country among the great mass of people nor among the government officials, and I believe the whole thing is confined to a political move on the part of a small coterie of Japanese politicians Any reference to the government being forced to assume an inimical attitude toward this country by the power of popular opinion is sheer nonsense.

"While Japan has a national diet, the suffrage is confined to about two per cent of the entire population, the others being disfranchised by lack of property qualifications. With ninety-eight per cent of the people having no vote their opinion has little weight in shaping the policy of the government.

"The present ministry is very friendly with the United States and the party out of power—the Progressives, as they are called—is simply agitating war with this country in order to embarrass the government to create an issue for the coming election. I think the whole thing has no significance outside of the phase offered by Japanese politics. The Progressives have several newspapers corresponding to the jingoes in this country, and they of course publish inflammatory editorials, with the object of working up a feeling in support of their cause. None of these newspapers have much standing with the better class of Japanese.

"These organs agitate war in spite of the fact that they know Japan is financially unable to make war. The national debt is so heavy that it is impossible for the government to borrow money, regardless of the quality of the securities they have to offer. This fact is generally recognized in Japan."

SUPERVISORS' ISSUE TAKEN INTO COURT

San Francisco, Aug. 2.—The issue between the board of supervisors appointed by Mayor Taylor and the fourteen men named by ex-Mayor Schmitz for the same office was brought into the courts yesterday, when Presiding Judge Coffey, on application of Attorney W. B. Kollmyer, on behalf of the Taylor appointees, issued a temporary restraining order to prevent the Schmitz board from making any move toward assuming office.

Kollmyer, on behalf of the board, filed an application for an injunction at the office of the county clerk, alleging that it is part of the plan of the Schmitz men to seize the office, records, seal and other belongings of the supervisors and attempt to usurp the authority of the board.

It is alleged that Chief of Police Dinan intends to aid the fourteen unlicensed men in this raid on the supervisors' offices, and the court is asked to retsrain them all from doing anything in this direction.

Judge Coffey issued a temporary restraining order and assigned the case to Judge Seawell in department No. 1.

Beveridge-Eddy Wedding

Berlin, July 3.—It has been definitely settled that the wedding of Miss Katherine Eddy, of Chicago, sister of Spencer F. Eddy, first secretary to the American Embassy here, and Albert J. Beveridge, United States senator from Indiana, is to take place August 7 at the residence of Ambassador and Mrs. Tower.

John Sharp Williams for Senator

New Orleans, Aug. 5.—John Sharp Williams has won the United States senatorial primary in Mississipi, according to returns received from Jackson, Miss. With but one county yet to hear from, Williams' plurality is unofficially placed at 497. The county still unheard from has been conceded to Williams by the Vardaman forces.

ALL NIGHT POLICE COURT

New York Has New Departure in Justice Despensing.

New York, Aug. 5.—There will be no languishing in cells on a desk sergeant's say so nor premiums paid to professional bondsmen on trumped-up arrest cases in this city. From now on policeman who makes an arrest at ny hour of the day or night will have to bring his prisoner immediately before a magistrate. For this purpose an all night session of the police court will be held.

Heretofore professional bondsmen have reaped a harvest from persons by keeping them out of jail for one night for being disorderly. It is expected more than one all night court will be required to handle the after dark business.

An interesting discovery the first night under the new rule was the discovery that the coming to court of patrolmen left many beats unprotected. One section, where thirty thousand families are housed, was left without a policeman while its over night officers took their prisoners to court.

CASO BLANCA BOMBARDED BY FRENCH AND SPANISH

Madrid, Aug. 7.—The Imparcial publishes a dispatch from its Tangier correspondent saying it is reported that the pasha of Casa Blanca has surrendered the town and that guards for the protection of foreigners will be landed as soon as possible at Mogador, Habat, Saffi and Mazagan.

The Spanish battleship Numancia has sailed from Ferroll for Morocco via Cadiz. In the event of more Spanish troops being needed they will be supplied from the garrisons at Ceuta Melilla.

Paris, Aug. 7.—Special dispatches received here from Tangier declare that Casa Blanca is now occupied by 250 men from the warships with rapid-fire guns. The newspapers today are unanimous in expressing approval of the course pursued at Casa Blanca.

Tangier, Aug. 7.—Casa Blanca, on the Moroccan coast, has been bombarded by French cruisers, the Moors are reported to have been shot down in large numbers and the town since last Sunday night has been practically in possession of landing parties from French and Spanish crisers. The first shots were fired by the Moors. The French repsonded with a bayonet charge and the bombardment of the native quarter with melinite shells. The French had six men wounded, but no one killed. No European residents were hurt.

The occupation of Casa Blanca is a direct outcome of the native uprising which resulted in the killing last week of eight Europeans at Casa Blanca. Both France and Spain are hurying other warships with troops and marines on board to various points on the Moroccan coast for the protection of foreigners. Under the terms of the Algericas convention the two countries are charged with policing Morocco, and their action at Casa Blanca has brought no protest from any power. The states of Europe have epxressed their willingness that France and Spain restore order in Morocco. No other countries are involved.

NEW WAREHOUSE TICKET AROUSES THE FARMERS

Spokane, Aug. 6.—The new warehouse ticket with which wheat men of the state must do business, was made public yesterday by the alleged warehouse trust, and a great protest is being made. It is claimed this ticket is so worded as to throttle the independent buyer. It was not until a week or two ago that the news became known that there would be a 50 per cent increase in storage charges, local managers claiming they did not know anything about it, as they had not received their tickets.

Farmers must waive all claims for loss by fire, according to the new ticket, and it is said this will raise insurance rates 500 per cent. The man who gets the grain must pay for all storage, handling, resacking, twine and other expenses.

An independent buyer could be assessed enough to make the business prohibitive. Farmers say this thing was held back until to late to have independent elevators erected. This form of ticket calls for a waiver of damages, both against the railroad and the warehouses, which shows that both of these interests got together on making out the form. With the increase in prices and the restrictions placed on trade, the growers claim they are at the mercy of the combination.

Pennsylvania Capitol Graft

Beach Haven, N. J., Aug. 5.—Charles Montague, of Brooklyn, an expert on metal furniture, shows by his report submitted to the Pennsylvania capitol investigation committee that the state was cheated out of more than a million and a half dollars on the $2,000,000 contract for metallic furnishngs. The committee held its first session here. The report of Mr. Montague occupied the greater part of the session

Road Begins Test Case

Easton, Pa., Aug. 6.—The Central Railroad Company of New Jersey has begun an action in the Northampton county court to test the validity of the two cent fare act. The company contends that it will lose $100,000 annually if the law is enforced.

PEACE CONFERENCE

REAL WORK BEGUN DURING PAST WEEK.

American Delegate Reminds Colleagues that Much Has Been Done to Regulate War, But Very Little in the Matter of Promotion of Peace.

The Hague, Aug. 3.—The general opinion epxressed here is that the real peace conference began Thursday with the initiative of the American delegates for the establishment of a permanent court of arbitration.

Joseph Choate, of the United States delegation, in supporting the proposed permanent court of arbitration, quoted from the letter written by President Roosevelt to Andrew Carnegie April 5, and read at the international peace congress in New York. He said that the instructions given to the American delegates were to see that the judges of this court be selected from different countries and that they should represent the different systems of law and procedure and the most important languages of the world. The court was to be of such dignity, consideration and rank that the best and ablest jurists could accept apointment thereto. The whole world must have absolute confidence in their judgments. One thing that prevented more frequent recourse to The Hague tribunal as created by the conference of 1899, Mr. Choate said, has been the expense, and the United States proposed that the expenses of the new court and the salaries of the judges be bourne by the powers in common. This would make the court free to whom ever appealed to it. Mr. Choate then proposed that a suitable committee be appointed to frame a constitution for and decide upon the powers and character of the projected court, saiyng he thought it would be well to have seventeen judges instead of 15, so that the country representation be more general. In conclousion Mr. Choate said:

"It is six weeks since this conference first assembled, and there is certainly no time to lose. We have done much to regulate wiar and very little to prevent it. Let us unite in this great pacific measure and satisfy the world that the second peace conference really desires that in the future peace and not war be the normal condition of civilization."

ARBITRATION COURT PRINCIPLE ADOPTED

The Hague, Aug. 5—Another American proposition—for the establishment of a permanent court of arbitration at The Hague—and one which will occupy a place in history, Saturday obtained special success in the subcommittee which had the matter in hand.

Twenty-seven delegates voted affirmatively and twelve abstained. This means that the proposal was unanimously approved.

The sitting, however, was not without its surprises. These were due to Sir Edward Fry, Great Britain, and M. Bourgeoise, France, suggesting that the new permanent court should not interfere in any way with the court established in 1899.

It is quite probable that Great Britain, France, Germany, Russia and the United States will agree to present to a special committee on Tuesday a combined scheme for constituting a working permanent court of arbitration. In addition to the details already known a section regarding the expenditures will doubtless be arranged, like that of the Universal Postal Union at Berne, the various countries being divided into classes according to their population, and bearing a proportionate share of the costs.

The American delegation considers that the votes of Sir Edward Fry and M. Bourgeois in support of the American proposition were of the greatest assistance in reaching success. The suggestions of these two delegates that the new permanent court should not in any way interfere with the court established in 1899 were not surprising, as Mr. Choate had announced the same idea in his speech on Thursday and confirmed it Saturday at the opening sitting, saying that the convention of 1899 with a politico-diplomatic court, would remain intact, while the new permanent judicial court would represent a new chapter and every litigant country can choose which it prefers. The fittest, he said, would survive.

The Associated Press is officially authorized to declare that the United States and Great Britain will present a proposition in common relating to the periodicity of the meetings of the peace conference.

Telephone Company After Boycotters

Helena, Mont., Aug. 3.—The Rocky Mountain Bell Telephone Company has filed suit in the federal court against the Montana Federation of Labor, the Livingston Trade and Labor Council, Telephone Operators' Union No. 42, Alex Fairgrieve, L. W. Thornton, H. O. Smith, Almondose Grenier and Effie La Fevre, to secure an injunction restraining the respondents from interfering or molesting in any way the business of the company and to shut off the boycott, which the complaint alleges has been in force since March 14 last, and which it is claimed has damaged the company to the extent of $5,000.

RAMESES II A FRAUD

Egyptologists Say He Put His Name to Work of Others.

London, Aug. 1.—Egyptologists claim that they have discovered that Rameses II was a fraud and that he is not entitled to the appellation of "great," which the historians have given him. Recent explorations, it is stated, have developed the fact that the many temples and monuments bearing his name, and therefore supposedly his work, existed a thousand years before him. The explorers believe the king was vain and caused his name to be cut everywhere.

Prof. Naville, one of the official explorers of antiquities in Egypt, had this to say about Rameses:

"The more we discover about Rameses the more convinced we are that he was a fraud. He was not great in any way, but his vanity was colossal. To satisfy this he conceived the notion of causing his name to be inscribed on every temple, statue and monument. We are now beginning to find him out."

FINED FOR DELAYING MAILS

Western Lines Near an Open Break With Postoffice Department.

Chicago, Aug. 1—Western railroads are near an open break with the postoffice department over the transportation of the mails, owing to a number of recent orders. The latest cause of grievance is the imposition of heavy fines on nearly all the roads for delay in delivering mails. To consider the situation a number of railroad officials have held an important conference here. One official stated that the fines levied by the government against his road in one quarter amounted to $40,000. A similar condition on other roads was reported.

The fines were assessed under a rule which went into effect in July, 1906. The roads are amazed to find that they are in danger of losing 15 per cent of their mail pay unless they revise the schedules and place their mail trains upon running time which they know they can maintain in all seasons and in all kinds of weather.

REPORT IN FAVOR OF PUBLIC OWNERSHIP

New York, Aug. 1.—The National Civic Federation's special committee, which for some months conducted an investigation of public ownership and operation, has made public its final report. It is sweepingly in favor of public ownership of the public utilities.

The report is made after a most thorough investiagtion of municipal and private ownership of gas, electric light, water and street railroad plants both in the United States and Europe.

The importance of the findings of the committee is increased by the fact that a more representative committee than that selected for the purpose and which makes the report could hardly be found. It is made up of representatives of business interests, labor leaders, college professors and journalists.

TAFT ON THIS COAST EARLY IN SEPTEMBER

Washington, Aug. 1.—Advices from Secretary Taft at Murray Bay, Canada, indicate that he has made several changes in the itinerary of his transcontinental trip to Seattle on his way to the Philippines in September. According to plans at present, he will arrive in Washington on August 12 and dispose of all public business requiring his attention, so as to be able to leave this city on the 17th and keep an engagement to address the Republican clubs at Columbus, Ohio, on the evening of the 19th.

He will speak at Denver August 30, at Portland September 6, at Tacoma, Wash., September 7, and at Seattle September 9, and will sail from the latter city on the steamship Minnesota September 10 for Manila.

ALASKA RED PACK IS REPORTED VERY SMALL

Bellingham, A ug. 3.—From the canneries on Bering sea, where the greater part of the Alaska red salmon used by the world are caught, comes the report that the season is ended and that the pack is 50 per cent less than any previous season in the history of the industry. The packing plants of the Alaska Packers' Association, many of which are located on Bering sea, will be the heaviest losers by the failure of the choice red fish to apear. Several plants were fitted for packs running from 40,000 to 75,000 cases, and the season has ended with only about half the material used.

Changing Philippine Troops

Washington, Aug. 6.—Four army transports are scheduled to leave San Francisco during August for Manila. They are the Warren, Crook, Buford and Logan. The trips are made necessary in order to place in the Philippines the regiments destined for duty as a relief for commands the terms of duty of which in the islands has expired.

Hail Destroys Much Grain

Aberdeen, S. D., Aug. 3.—One hundred and sixty square miles of growing grain in southern Brown and northern Spink counties were practically destroyed by the worst hail storm in many years. The hail was accompanied by a strong wind and in half an hour the loss was complete.

ALL BIDS TOO HIGH

PUGET SOUND NAVAL DRY DOCK BUILDING POSTPONED.

Stated that None of the Proposals Were Within the Limit of Cost Fixed By Congress--Congress to Be Asked for More Money and Larger Plans.

Washington, Aug. 3.—The acting secretary of the navy has rejected all bids for the construction of the proposed new dry dock at the Puget Sound navy yard, and in doing so he decided to put off the building of the dock until after the meeting of the next congress.

The direct reason for the rejection of the bids was that none of them were low enough to permit the completion of the whole structure with its equipment within the authorized expenditure of $1,250,000.

The lowest bid, that of the McLellan Company, of Seattle, was well below that figure, but it was said at the navy department today that this sum did not include the building of the pumping station in connection with the dock and certain other features. The matter was referred to the judge advocate general of the navy, and the conclusion was that it would be unwise to begin the construction of the dock until congress is given the opportunity to increase the appropriation.

Larger Dock Needed

One consideration that led in this decision is that Acting Secretary Newberrry believes the specifications ought to prepare for a larger dock. He is in favor of building the biggest drydock in the country at Puget Sound, one that is not only capable of receiving the largest battleships now afloat, but the largest which the government contemplates building.

The dock according to present specifications, although very commodious, would not, Mr. Newberry believes, be large enough to receive some of the battleships which the government may decide to build within the next five years. The size of ships is increasing year by year, and it is not improbable that ships will be authorized in the near future which would be too large for the present dock at Bremerton, or for the one which it is proposed to build there.

Delay Is Serious

From one point of view the delay in beginning the construction of the new dock is a serious matter. Not only does the department admit that the present docking facilities on the West coast are inadequate, but the timber dock at Bremerton is deteriorating, and it will be in sad need of repairs within the next two or three years at the latest.

The decision to reject all bids and ask congress for an appropriation of $250,000 or $300,000 in addition to the $1,260,000 already authorized, means that the construction of the dock will not be begun before the fall of 1908.

MAY CALL MILITIA IN ALABAMA RATE FIGHT

Birmingham, Ala., Aug. 6.—No official statement was issued last night of the conclusions reached at the conference between Gov. Comer, Attorney General Garber and the assistant counsel employed by the state administration to assist in enforcing the law affecting railroads as to the next step in the case against the Southern Railway.

While the governor would make no statement, his advisers let it be known that they are determined to enforce the state laws at any cost. They state that if necessary an extra session of the legislature will be called or troops would be called out to see that the state's commands are obeyed. The view is that the Southern Railway by defying the state law by the removal of a case to the federal courts and thereby having its charter revoked by the secretary of state has placed itself in a position to be dealt with as an outlaw or mob would be dealt with.

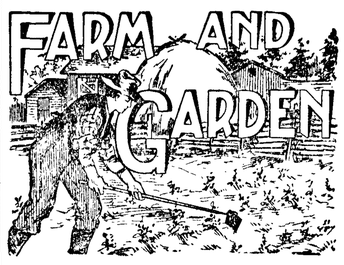
It is considered more than likely that wholesale arrests will follow in the next few days of officials and employes of the Southern who continue to operate the various lines in spite of the fact that they are doing so without a charter from the state.

Virginia Roads Give In.

Richmond, Va., Aug. 5.—Shortly before midnight Saturday the state officials received a telegram from the attorneys of the Virginia railroads to the effect that the two cent rate would be put into effect on or before October 1, on condition that the matter should be taken to the courts for a final decision as to its legality. The statement given out by the railroads is that they have determined to give in to the people and to end the conflict.

Gold Stock in United States

Washington, Aug. 1.—There is at the presentt ime $1,484,84,280 in gold coin and bullion in the United States, according to George E. Roberts, retiring director of the mint, who has been for several years conducting an inquiry for the purpose of verifying the treasury estimates of the stock of gold in the country.



Farmers Not to Blame.

Of all men, our farmers are most interested in the enactment and enforcement of pure food laws. Not that they are particularly affected by food adulteration, for they take almost everything they eat right from the hand of nature. But they are concerned that the stuff they produce shall reach the city neighbor who uses it as fresh, pure and wholesome as possible.

It is in a way a reflection upon the farmer that milk, butter, fruits and other things which come from the farms of the country are impure and so calculated to work injury to the life and health of the nation. So they are doing all in their power to bring about tht best legislation on this subject. They also desire that the laws already enacted shall be put into effect. Therefore they welcome the suggestion of Dr. Wiley, chief of the bureau of chemistry of the department of agriculture at Washington, that the national government shall set the standard for pure milk at 3.25 per cent of butter fat.

Our farmers are now producing milk that averages very closely to 4 per cent. Few of them are satisfied with anything below that point. And they do not like to be told, as they have been many times, that the average for milk sold in the markets of the country is far below that standard. It is not their fault that it is so, and they want the crime, for it is little less than a crime to thus debase the milk supply of the country, placed where it belongs, and punishment inflicted accordingly. The same thing is true touching all other farm products. The farmers want it just as good as nature gave it to them when it reaches the table of the man who uses it.

Lime-Sulphur-Salt Wash.

From experiments carried on with chemically pure lime and sulphur, it appears to the author of a government bulletin that solid sulphur is not dissolved by boiling fifteen minutes, but that the best results are obtained by boiling from forty-five to sixty minutes. A boiling period of one hour is sufficient to dissolve nearly all of the sulphur, but the thiosulphates are somewhat increased by a longer period.

Salt apparently has no influence upon the composition of the wash in so far as the sulphur compounds are concerned. The slight differences in the composition of the wash, as used by different investigators, have little or no influence upon the time required for boiling. When lime and sulphur are used in equal quantities there is more than enough lime to dissolve the sulphur. These substances may be used in the proportion of one pound of lime to one and one-quarter pounds of sulphur. About twenty-five pounds of sulphur to fifty gallons is a maximum quantity.

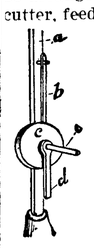
It appears that the use of air-slaked lime has no influence on the composition of the wash, and that there is likewise practically no difference in composition whether flowers of sulphur or flour of sulphur is used. Detailed notes are also given on the composition of lime-sulphur wash with particular reference to the different kinds of sulphur compounds. It is found that not all of the sulphur is dissolved by the heat generated by caustic soda, but the suggestion is made that a wash containing ten pounds of caustic soda and nineteen pounds of sulphur per fifty gallons of water without lime may give satisfactory results.

Gardening Suggestions.

The main cabbage crop may be transplanted during June or July, and a crop of millet or Hungarian grass may be put in if desired. In some sections the sweet potato crop does not get fully transplanted before June. Carrots, beets and parsnips should always be put in the ground early, yet it is not too late to make good crops of them in June, provided rain falls during the time the seed is in. The turnip crop is one of the most important, and the putting in of the seed may be deferred until any time after a good rain, but farmers must prepare their lands well for late crops, especially if the seeds are fine or of a kind that does not germinate quickly. Good preparation is one of the essentials to good growth and capacity to withstand drought.

Taking Power from a Windmill.

If you have a windmill it can easily be arranged to run the grindstone, bone cutter, feed grinder, etc. The cut shows

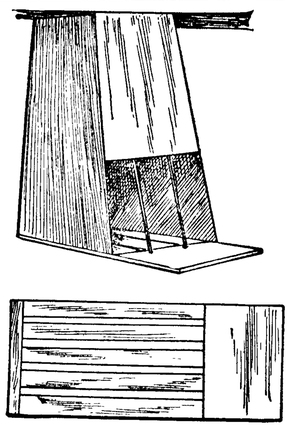


a good device to convert the perpendicular motion of the windmill into a horizontal one. The bar, b, is connected to the windmill pitman, a, so that it may be attached at will. The wheel, c, and shaft, e, should be of iron or steel. The short pitman, b, may be of iron or hard wood. The axle bar, d, which holds shaft, e, rigid, permitting the pitman, b, to revolve wheel, c, should be of heavy iron, firmly secured, and braced to pump at platform.—Farm and Home.

Handy Barn Device.

The illustration shows a device for a hay box, which should be in every stable. This box may be made of any dimensions desired and reaches from the loft to just above the manger in the stall below, placing it at a height so that the horse can get at the hay readily. As shown in the cut the box should be wider at the bottom than at the top to prevent the hay from lodging. The open space below should be fitted with two or more light iron bars to prevent the animal from pulling out too much of the hay at a time and wasting it.

In the lower part of the drawing is shown the slatted bottom, which is used in this box so that the chaff and dust may sift through. The top of the box, in the loft, should be covered with a heavy slatted arrangement for the purpose of ventilation. It should



ECONOMICAL HAY BOX.

be made of slats sufficiently heavy to bear the weight of a man if he should step on it accidentally, and he hinged at one end for easy handling. These hay boxes may be made of inch material, and will cost but a trifle, compared with the saving of hay and their convenience.

The Meat We Eat.

The per capita consumption of meat in the United States is estimated at 179 pounds. The Australians alone surpass us as meat eaters, and the average in their country is abnormally high because of the large number of animals as compared with the sparse population, meat in consequence being abundant and cheap. Following the United States are Argentina, Great Britain, Germany and France, ranging from 140 to 81 pounds, and Italy brings up the rear of the procession with 27 pounds. In Germany there are slaughtered for food each year under official inspection numbers of horses and dogs in addition to the usual food animals. In Paris there were slaughtered for food during ten years an annual average of more than 20,000 horses, mules and asses.

Fall Beauty Apple.

One naturally expects a Kentucky product to be handsome. So it is no surprise that the name Fall Beauty has been selected as appropriate for a new apple which has originated in the Blue Grass country. The apple, according to the description by the State experiment station, is not only a beauty, but has other good qualities. The apples are sometimes deeper on one side than the other, but generally quite symmetrical. The weight seems to average a fraction above half a pound. Other points are:

NEW APPLE.

Color, deep purplish red, sometimes completely so, again only or largely on the exposed side; striped, with deeper purple and pale waxen yellow; when fully ripe, with ocher yellow, the stripes contracting and extending into the cavity at the calyx end; marked with evident ocher yellow dots, these becoming especially conspicuous where the purplish red is deepest; region about the calyx end sometimes extensively waxen yellow.

Flesh white at first, becoming creamy when thoroughly ripe; flavor not striking, but pleasant; subacid; skin rather tough, thus calculated to protect it from insect and fungous injury and to render it a good shipper. Ripe Sept. 22. While it is adapted only for fall use, it ripens at a time when few apples as good are in a condition for the table, the early ones being long gone and the late ones not yet sufficiently ripe. It keeps very well, becoming finally in October mellow and agreeable as an eating apple. It cooks well before this final change, making good sauce, but proving especially acceptable when baked. Unfortunately the cut cannot show the richness of the coloring of the Fall Beauty. In bearing it is as regular as Rome Beauty or Ben Davis.

Selecting Milch Cows.

That one cow can be made to do the work of two has been found to be easily accomplished by the selection of the best individuals. A Vermont dairyman, whose cows produced 100 pounds of butter each per year, has succeeded in getting 200 pounds per year from each cow in the herd. Dairymen in other sections have done fully as well. It is claimed that if one cow gives as much as formerly did two, there is a saving in stable room, labor and care. This cannot be accomplished, however, unless the cows are reared on the farm, or purchased from improved breeds. Feed, of course, is an important matter, also, but a good cow will give more product from the food eaten than will an inferior cow that is fed in the same manner.

GOOD Short Stories

Prof. Brander Matthews tells of an undergraduate student of science who was asked: "What would happen if an irresistible force met an immovable body?" The youth hesitated a moment, and then responded: "The result would be some very interesting by-products."

From one of the big ranches in the San Joaquin valley an elderly workman, not addicted to vacations, recently made a trip to San Francisco. The postmaster on his return said to him, employing a word needlessly complex and long: "Well, Jabez, how did you like the metropolis?" "Wot say?" asked the old man. "How did you like the metropolis?" he repeated. "'Twan't open," said he.

Entertaining a children's party at a certain millionaire's house in New York, Miss Shedlock, a professional teller of stories to juveniles, happened to employ the old proverb, "The early bird catches the worm." A little boy questioned the proverb promptly. "But wasn't the worm foolish," he asked, "to get up early and be caught?" "My dear," said Miss Shedlock, "that worm hadn't been to bed at all. He was just getting home."

Senator Thomas J. Allison, a member of the Missouri Legislature, is an acknowledged wag in that more or less dignified body. He was approached the other day by an enthusiastic motorist, who asked if he was not in favor of some legislation for the benefit of those who own automobiles. "I am," replied the Senator. "I am in favor of a bill placing the owners of automobiles under the protection of the State game laws and providing that it shall be unlawful during certain months of the year for farmers to shoot chauffeurs and occupants of automobiles."

Charles H. Hoyt once visited a small town in Pennsylvania, where there is a hotel they say George Washington, the father of his country, used to stop at when he passed through. One of the company was given the Washington room, and Hoyt received a poor room on the top floor, the proprietor not knowing who he was. When he came downstairs later the gentleman who had the good room said: "Mr. Hoyt, they have given me the room that they used to give George Washington when he came here." "Well," said Hoyt, "the one they have given me must be the one they gave Benedict Arnold when he came."

Some years ago there was a political campaign in Illinois in which a certain candidate was so certain of his election as sheriff that he actually arranged for the distribution of the subordinate offices that were to come under him. Some one was telling "Uncle Joe" Cannon of this. The grim old veteran of many a political battle smiled and observed: "I trust that our friend's case will not be like that of a man I knew in Indiana. This fellow went on a hunting trip, accompanied by his faithful retriever. Things went on finely up to a certain point; then the expedition suddenly ended in disaster. The dog undertook to jump over a deep well in two jumps."

A Large Connection.

A Chinese cook in one of the homes across the bay from San Francisco was terribly worried about his cousins who were in the burning town. Sing knew that Chinatown had been destroyed. He had tried to go across to rescue his relatives, but nobody was allowed to land.

He went about his duties with lagging footsteps and mournful face. For two days he ate nothing, and the sympathy of the entire family was extended to him in his trouble. At last he appeared one morning at breakfast time with a face wreathed in smiles.

"Me found cousins," he announced joyfully.

On being questioned he said that they were lodged in the two rooms which he rented for his own use in the lower part of the town. They were all well and he was "velly happy." He took forty pounds of rice to them that they might not be hungry.

"But, Sing, how many cousins have you? Forty pounds seems a great deal."

He smiled his charming oriental smile and spread his hands, "Me eighty cousins."—Exchange.

Haeckel Visiting Darwin.

When the carriage drew up before Darwin's house, with its ivy and shadowy elms, the great scientist stepped out of the shade of the creeper covered porch to meet me. He had a tall and venerable appearance, with the broad shoulders of an Atlas that bore a world of thought; a Jove-like forehead as we see in Goethe, with a lofty and broad vault deeply furrowed by the plow of intellectual work. The tender and friendly eyes were overshadowed by the great roof of the prominent brows. The gentle mouth was framed in a long silvery white beard. The noble expression of the whole face, the easy and soft voice, the slow and careful pronunciation, the natural and simple tenor of his conversation, took my heart by storm in the first hour that we talked together, just as his great work had taken my intelligence by storm at the first reading. I seemed to have before me a venerable sage of ancient Greece, a Socrates or an Aristotle.—Described by Haeckle.

From page 1.

MOUNTAINEERS IN CAMP

are less rugged, on this side, than the eastern end, or the fourth peak, of Mt. Angeles. The Basin itself is a steep slope of rocks, rocks so thick one is fortunate to set foot on solid ground, the whole being covered with a thick mat of coarse grass and low brushes. It is far from being a mountain park, as such parks go. Everyone has had to clear a space free of rocks and brush and make a bed as best he could—but four nights sleeping on the ground while on the trail has, in a measure, hardened them to it.

The Basin, being entirely sheltered from a cooling breeze, becomes unbelievably hot at midday, rocks being too hot to hold in the hand; at 4:30 the sun drops behind the rim and in a few moments one must put on extra clothing.

The features of the scenery are the rushing branches of the Elwha, of which there are three, each of which carries as much water as Ennis creek at its mouth; several truly magnificent waterfalls; the snow tunnels out from which the water flows; glaciers lying on and between the peaks; and strips of flower dotted grass.

From the peaks one has a magnificent view of a most rugged country, and of Mt. Olympus, the culmination of the range.

Along the trail, there were few incidents of note. The purchase of a small steer for fresh meat from Wm. Anderson, and the difficulties of the "steering committee," who were entrusted with the work of getting him to camp, afforded considerable amusement. On the last day the Elwha was crossed four or five times on logs, a rope being stretched above to steady the inexperienced. Judge Craven of Bellingham, placing too much confidence in the rope, when crossing a rather small log, took a full length plunge in the icy water. The party arrived at the permanent camp at noon Sunday; at camp fir, that evening Rev. VanHorn of Seattle made a splendid address, after which a few songs were enjoyed, and on Monday, at the official flag raising, something of a literary program was given.

All the members of the party seem well pleased with the trip and the country, which is of importance in advertising the Olympics; and several have cameras with which they should obtain a fine collection of views. The second party is to be in in about eight days, and the day following their arrival those who wish will leave on the two, or probably three days trip to Olympus. Meanwhile, those already in will climb several of the surrounding peaks.

New Bamboo Furniture.

The Hong Young Co. have just received a new line of Bamboo Furniture including bookcases, stands, music racks and tables. These pretty and inexpensive articles make a nice addition to any home.

Ling Toy, Mgr.

Copies of the Railroad Commissioners map of the State of Washington have been secured by County Supt. Risley and one will be sent to each school district in the county.

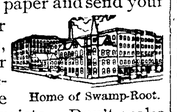
DO YOU GET UP WITH A LAME BACK?

Kidney Trouble Makes You Miserable

Almost everybody who reads the newspapers is sure to know of the wonderful cures made by Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy.

It is the great medical triumph of the nineteenth century; discovered after years of scientific research by Dr. Kilmer, the eminent kidney and bladder specialist, and is wonderfully successful in promptly curing lame back, uric acid, catarrh of the bladder and Bright's Disease, which is the worst form of kidney trouble.

Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root** is not recommended for everything but if you have kidney, liver or bladder trouble it will be found just the remedy you need. It has been tested in so many ways, in hospital work and in private practice, and has proved so successful in every case that a special arrangement has been made by which all readers of this paper, who have not already tried it, may have a sample bottle sent free by mail, also a book telling more about Swamp-Root, and how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper and send your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. The regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles are sold by all good druggists. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.



Home of Swamp-Root.

COUNTY CORRESPONDENCE

DUNGENESS.

F. E. Knight has one of the finest teams in Dungeness, purchased recently in Seattle.

Born, Aug. 2d, to Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Flat, a ten pound baby girl.

Born, July 28th to Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Cays, a boy.

W. T. Bowman made a business trip to Port Angeles Monday.

The Royal Neighbors entertained Mr. and Mrs. Bell Wednesday evening of last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Dick Ward of Seattle are visiting relatives here.

The picnic Saturday was well attended. The Port Townsend and Dungeness ball teams played a lively game, the score stood 7 to 8 in favor of Dungeness.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lotzgesell have moved to Port Angeles.

The Ladies Aid gave a farewell reception to Presiding Elder Brooks Tuesday afternoon.

The Ladies Aid will give an entertainment in Woodman Hall Saturday evening, the 10th.

The Musical Club will meet with Miss Winnie Knoph next Saturnay.

Mr. Blake, Dick Ward, Joe Allen and Lloyd Duncan are camping in the mountains.

Clyde Rhodefer is working in the post office.

4 horses, harness and wagon fo sale by W. J. Lichty, Lincoln and 14th Sts.

The blessed, refreshing rain Wednesday was appreciated. It came gently but copiously, and the parched earth drank up the moisture thankfully. Dust covered vegetation again looks fresh and green.

Bowling Alley

$1.00 in Cash Each Week for Highest Score.

Fresh Fruits,
Fine Candies,
Choice Cigars
and Tobaccos
Newest Stationery

W. J. LICHTY & CO.
Phone 11.

Notice of Sale of Real Estate.

Pursuant to an order of the Board of County Commissioners of Clallam County, State of Washington, duly made in regular session on the 6th day of July, A. D. 1807, and duly entered on their minutes directing the Auditor to give notice of sale in the manner provided by law of the following described real estate, to-wit:

The NE 1-4 of NE 1-4 and NW 1 4 of NE 1-4 of Section 21, Rownship 30 North of Range 8 West, of Willamette Meridian.

Now therefore, Notice is hereby given that on Saturday the 10th day of August, A. D. 1907, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon of said dav, the Sheriff of said county and state will sell the above described property.

Said sale will take place at the front of the court house in Port Angeles, in said county and state, and will be at public auotion, for cash in hand, to the highest and best bidder.

Dated at Port Angeles, Washington, this 8th aay of July, A. D. 1907.

N. W. HAWKINS,
[Seal] Anditor of Clallam County Washington.

Date of first publication, July 12, 1907.

Summons By Publication.

In the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for Clallam County.

Mayme Knigt, Plaintiff
vs
Asa Knight, Defendant.

The State of Washington to the said Asa Knight, Defendant.

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons to-wit: Within sixty days after the 26th day of July, 1907, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled Court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff and serve a copy of your said answer upon the undersigned attorney for said plaintiff at his office address below stated, and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you in accordance with the demand of the complaint which has been filed with the Clerk of said Court.

The object of the above entitled action is for a divorce and dissolution of the bonds of matrimony on the grounds of desertion and failure to support for a period of more than one year last past.

William Ritchie, Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office address Port Angeles, Clallam County, State of Washington.

Date of first publication July 26th, 1907.

The Farmer's Wife

Is very careful about her churn. She scalds it thoroughly after using, and gives it a sun bath to sweeten it. She knows that if her churn is sour it will taint the butter that is made in it. The stomach is a churn. In the stomach and digestive and nutritive tracts are performed processes which are almost exactly like the churning of butter. Is it not apparent then that if this stomach-churn is foul it makes foul all which is put into it?

The evil of a foul stomach is not alone the bad taste in the mouth and the foul breath caused by it, but the corruption of the pure current of blood and the dissemination of disease throughout the body. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery makes the sour and foul stomach sweet. It does for the stomach what the washing and sun bath do for the churn—absolutely removes every tainting or corrupting element. In this way it cures blotches, pimples, eruptions, scrofulous swellings, sores, or open eating ulcers and all humors or diseases arising from bad blood.

If you have bitter, nasty, foul taste in your mouth, coated tongue, foul breath, are weak and easily tired, feel depressed and despondent, have frequent headaches, dizzy attacks, gnawing or distress in stomach, constipated or irregular bowels, sour or bitter risings after eating and poor appetite, these symptoms, or any considerable number of them, indicate that you are suffering from biliousness, torpid or lazy liver with the usual accompanying indigestion, or dyspepsia and their attendant derangements.

The best agents known to medical science for the cure of the above symptoms and conditions, as attested by the writings of leading teachers and practitioners of all the several schools of medical practice, have been skillfully and harmoniously combined in Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. That this is absolutely true will be readily proven to your satisfaction if you will but mail a postal card request to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., for a *free* copy of his booklet of extracts from the standard medical authorities, giving the names of all the ingredients entering into his world-famed medicines and showing what the most eminent medical men of the age say of them.

Ed Hall, of the firm of Cross & Hall, coal, wood, etc., dealers, Seattle, was here Tuesday with a scow load of 200 barrels of fuel oil for Mr. Dutton, lessee of the ice plant of the Craig Fish Products Co. Mr. Hall tells us that his firm intend handling Angeles ice in Seattle.

Contest Notice.

Department of the Interior,
United States Land Office,
Seattl , Washington, May 10, 1907.

A sufficient contest affidavit having been filed in this office by Otto J. Sporseen, contestant, against homestead entry No. 17745, made May 4, 1900, for SE 1-4 NW 1-4 Section 29, Township 30 N., by Andreas C. Jacobsen Contestee, in which it is alleged that said entryman has never at any time since the date of his entry established a residence on said tract of land or improved or cultivated same in accordance with the requirements of the homestead law; that he has resided elsewhere and has during all of said period and for more than six months last past abandoned said land, and that said alleged absence from the said land was not due to his employment in the Army, Navy, or Marine Corps of the United States as a private soldier, officer, seaman or marine, during the war with Spain, or during any other war in which the United States may be engaged, srid parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and and offer evidence touching said allegation at 10 o'clock a. m. on July 24, 1907, before the Register and Receiver at the United States Land Office in Seattle, Washington.

The said contestant having, in a proper affidavit, filed May 9, 1907, set forth facts which show that after due diligence personal service of this notice can not be maee, it is hereby ordered and directed that such notice be given by due and proper publication.

J. Henry Smith, Register.

Notice and Summons by Publication.

No. 464.

In the Superior court of the state of Washington, for Clallam county.

Puget Sound Mills & Timber Company, a corporation, Plaintiff
vs.
H. M. Burdette and Jane Doe Burdette, his wife

and all persons unknown, if any, having or claiming ao interest or estate in and to the hereinfter described real property, defendants.

State of Washington to H. M. Burdette and Jane Doe Burdette, his wife who are the owners, or reputed owners, of, and all persons unknown, claiming or having an interest or estate in the hereinafter described real property.

You and each of you are hereby notified that the above named plaintiff,

Puget Sound Mills & Timber Company

is the holder of a delinquent tax cercertificate No. 2331 issued by the treasurer of Clallam county, Washington, embracing the following real property situated in Clallam county, Washington, and more particularly described as follows, to-wit:

The north-west quarter of the south-west quarter (NE 1-4 SW 1-4) and the north-west quarter of the south-west quarter (NW 1-4 SW 1-4) and the north half of the south-east quarter of the south-west quarter (N½ SE 1-4 SW 1-4) and the south-west quarter of the south-west quarter (SW 1-4 SW 1-4) of section three [3] in township thirty [30] north of range seven [7] west of the Willamette Meridian.

That said certificate was issued on the 5th day of July 1907 for the sum of $1015.19 for the delinquent taxes for the years 1892 to 1906 inclusive, which several sums bear interest at the rate of fifteen percent. per annum from said date of payment.

You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of first publication of this notice and summons, exclusive of the day of said first publication, to-wit: within sixty days after the 12th day of July, 1907, and defend the above entitled action or pay the amount of the taxes due, together with the costs, penalties, and interest; and in case of your failure so to do judgment will be rendered foreclosing said tax lien for such taxes, penalties, costs and interest against said lands and premises hereinbefore mentioned.

Puget Sound Mills & Timber Co. Plaintiff.
Trumbull & Trumbull, Att'y for Plaintiff.
Post office address, Port Angeles, Wash
Date of first publication July 10, 1907

A Palatial Residence

THE RESIDENCE OF

The Late Judge Geo. C. Hatch

ON PINE HILL

COSTING ABOUT $6,000

WILL BE SOLD FOR

$3,000

LEWIS LEVY, REAL ESTATE BROKER

COR. FRONT & LAUREL STS., PORT ANGELES, WASH.

Reference, Bank of Clallam County.

Summons by Publication.

In the Superior Court of the State of Washington, in and for Clallam Couhty.

Martha E. Steik, Plaintiff,
vs
Fred. Steik, Defendant.

The State ot Washington to the said Fred. Steik the defendant herein.

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons to-wit: within sixty days after the 12th day of July 1907 and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled Court, and answer the complaint of plaintiff and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for said plaintiff at his office address below stated, and in case of your failure so to do judgment will be rendered against you in accordance with the demand of the complaint which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled action is for a divorce and dissolution of the bonds of matrimony on the grounds of wilful and continued desertion and abandonment and failure to support for more than one year last past

Wm. Ritchie, Attorney for plaintiff.
Office and post office address Port Angeles, Clallam Caunty, Washington.
Date of ffr-st publication July 12, 1907.

SUMMONS

No. 2309.

In the Superior Court of the State of Washington for Clallam County.

Henrietta Stiek, Plaintiff, vs. Fred Stiek and Martha E. Steik, Defendants.

The State of Washington: To the said Fred Steik and Martha E. Steik: Defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to appear within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, answer the complaint and serve a copy of your answer on the person whose name is subscribed to this summons, at the place specified following his said name, and defend the above entitled action in the court aforesaid; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, a copy of which is herewith served upon you.

The purpose of this action is to foreclose a certain mortgage held by this plaintiff on Lots 5 and 14, Block 382, Port Angeles Townsite.

W. L. MARQUARDT,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
P. O. Address, Port Angeles, Clallam Co. Washington.
First publication July 5, o7.

I.O.O.F—Clallam Lodge, No. 72, meets every Monday evening at I.O.O.F. hall
P. J. Wold, N. G.
Wm. W. Garvin, Secretary.

PROBATE NOTICE.

In the Superior Court of Clallam County State of Wasnington.

In the matter of the Estate of Emma Grams, deceased.

Notice is hereby given, that Letters of Testamentary on the Estate of Emma Grams, deceased, were granted to the undersigned, on the 24th day of July, 1907, by the Superior Court of Clallam County.

All persons having claims against said Estate are required to exhibit them to me for allowance, at my office, Front Street, Port Angeles, Washington, within twelve months after the date of this notice, or they shall be forever barred.

Dated this 26th day of July, 1907.

C. F. Merritt, Executor of the Will of Emma Grams, deceased.

J. P. HAWKES
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James Stewart
Attorney at Law
Office on Front Street.
Port Angeles, Wash.

George Venable Smith
Attorney and Counselor at Law
Laurel St. Port Angeles, Wash

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